

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.01 [3.3/3.5]
QID: P21

Which one of the following contains indications of cavitation for an operating centrifugal pump?

- A. Low flow rate with low discharge pressure
- B. Low flow rate with high discharge pressure
- C. High motor amps with low discharge pressure
- D. High motor amps with high discharge pressure

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.01 [3.3/3.5]
QID: P221 (B218)

Which of the following changes in pump operating parameters will directly lead to pump cavitation in a centrifugal pump that is operating at rated conditions in an open system?

- A. Steadily increasing pump inlet temperature
- B. Steadily decreasing pump speed
- C. Steadily increasing pump suction pressure
- D. Steadily decreasing pump recirculation flow

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.01 [3.3/3.5]
QID: P421

Pump cavitation occurs when vapor bubbles are formed at the eye of a pump impeller...

- A. when the localized flow velocity exceeds sonic velocity for the existing fluid temperature.
- B. when the localized pressure exceeds the vapor pressure for the existing fluid temperature.
- C. and enter a high pressure region of the pump where they collapse, causing damaging pressure pulsations.
- D. and are discharged from the pump where they collapse in downstream piping, causing damaging pressure pulsations.

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.01 [3.3/3.5]
QID: P524

Which one of the following is a symptom associated with cavitation of a centrifugal pump?

- A. Decreased motor current and pump speed
- B. Decreased pump and motor temperature
- C. Steadily increasing discharge pressure
- D. Increased noise and vibration

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.01 [3.3/3.5]
QID: P1021

Which one of the following will result in immediate cavitation of a centrifugal pump that is initially operating at normal rated flow?

- A. Recirculation flow path is aligned.
- B. Recirculation flow path is isolated.
- C. Pump suction valve is fully closed.
- D. Pump discharge valve is fully closed.

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.01 [3.3/3.5]
QID: P1220 (B1218)

Which one of the following describes pump cavitation?

- A. Vapor bubbles are formed when the enthalpy difference between pump discharge and pump suction exceeds the latent heat of vaporization.
- B. Vapor bubbles are formed in the eye of the pump and collapse as they enter higher pressure regions of the pump.
- C. Vapor bubbles are produced when the localized pressure exceeds the vapor pressure at the existing temperature.
- D. Vapor bubbles are discharged from the pump where they impinge on downstream piping and cause a water hammer.

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.01 [3.3/3.5]
QID: P1321

Which one of the following is an indication of pump cavitation?

- A. Pump motor amps are pegged high.
- B. Pump discharge pressure indicates zero.
- C. Pump motor amps are fluctuating.
- D. Pump discharge pressure indicates shut-off head.

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.01 [3.3/3.5]
QID: P1520 (B1018)

Starting a centrifugal pump with the discharge valve fully open (versus throttled) _____ the possibility of pump runout and _____ the possibility of pump cavitation.

- A. decreases; decreases
- B. decreases; increases
- C. increases; decreases
- D. increases; increases

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.01 [3.3/3.5]
QID: P1820 (B1718)

By starting a centrifugal pump with the discharge valve throttled versus fully open, the possibility of pump runout is _____, and the possibility of pump cavitation is _____.

- A. increased; decreased
- B. increased; increased
- C. decreased; decreased
- D. decreased; increased

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.02 [3.1/3.4]
QID: P106

A centrifugal pump is started and the following indications are observed:

Oscillating flow
Oscillating discharge pressure
Oscillating amps

This indicates that the pump is experiencing...

- A. excessive thrust.
- B. cavitation.
- C. runout.
- D. wear ring failure.

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.02 [3.1/3.4]
QID: P122

Air binding in a centrifugal pump is an undesirable condition which may be avoided by...

- A. opening the pump constant vent valve when the pump is secured.
- B. closing the pump constant vent valve when the pump is in operation.
- C. opening the pump casing vent valve, while priming the pump, until a steady stream of water appears.
- D. opening the pump suction vent valve just prior to starting the pump and then closing it after the pump is running.

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.02 [3.1/3.4]
QID: P222

The presence of air in a pump casing may result in _____ when the pump is started.

- A. vortexing
- B. pump runout
- C. pump overspeed
- D. gas binding

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.02 [3.1/3.4]
QID: P920

Which one of the following contains indications of a gas/vapor bound motor-operated centrifugal pump that is operating in a cooling water system?

- A. Fluctuating pump discharge pressure, reduced system flow rate, and increased pump motor current
- B. Reduced system flow rate, increased pump motor current, and increased pump noise level
- C. Increased pump motor current, increased pump noise level, and fluctuating pump discharge pressure
- D. Increased pump noise level, fluctuating pump discharge pressure, and reduced system flow rate

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.03 [3.1/3.3]
QID: P1927 (B1821)

Which one of the following is an effective method for ensuring that a centrifugal pump remains primed and does not become gas bound during operation and after shutdown?

- A. Install an orifice plate in the discharge piping of the pump.
- B. Install a pump recirculation line from the pump discharge piping to the pump supply piping.
- C. Install the pump below the level of the suction supply.
- D. Install a check valve in the discharge piping of the pump.

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P23 (B423)

A motor-driven centrifugal pump is operating under no flow conditions. Which one of the following damaging conditions will first occur during pump operation with no flow?

- A. Pump failure from overspeed
- B. Pump failure from overheating
- C. Motor failure from overspeed
- D. Motor failure from overheating

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P109 (B1823)

When a centrifugal pump is operating at shutoff head, it is pumping at _____ capacity and _____ discharge head.

- A. maximum; minimum
- B. maximum; maximum
- C. minimum; minimum
- D. minimum; maximum

ANSWER: D.

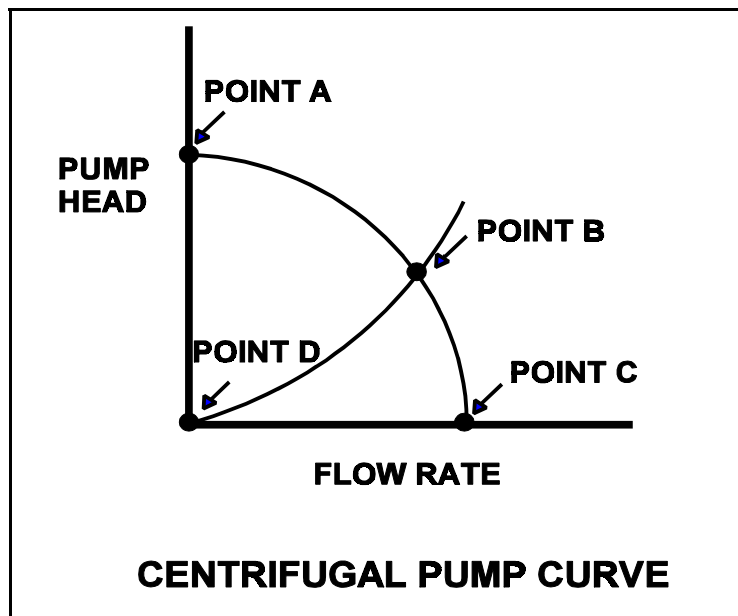
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P119 (B1319)

Refer to the drawing of a centrifugal pump operating curve (see figure below).

Which point represents pump operation at shutoff head?

- A. Point A
- B. Point B
- C. Point C
- D. Point D

ANSWER: A.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P223

Operating a centrifugal pump at shutoff head without recirculation flow can directly result in...

- A. discharge piping overpressurization.
- B. suction piping overpressurization.
- C. excessive pump leakoff.
- D. pump overheating.

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P321 (B319)

A motor-driven centrifugal pump with no recirculation flow path must be stopped when discharge pressure reaches the pump shutoff head to prevent...

- A. overheating of the pump.
- B. overheating of the motor.
- C. bursting of the pump casing.
- D. water hammer in downstream lines.

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P1222 (B1181)

A plant is operating at full power when a 200 gpm reactor coolant leak occurs, which results in a reactor scram and initiation of emergency coolant injection. Reactor coolant system pressure stabilizes at 1,000 psia and all injection pumps are operating with their pump recirculation lines isolated. The shutoff heads for the pumps are as follows:

High pressure injection (HPI) pumps: 2,500 psia
Low pressure injection (LPI) pumps: 200 psia

Which pumps must be stopped quickly and why?

- A. HPI pumps to prevent pump overheating caused by low flow
- B. LPI pumps to prevent pump overheating caused by low flow
- C. HPI pumps to prevent motor overheating caused by high flow
- D. LPI pumps to prevent motor overheating caused by high flow

ANSWER: B.

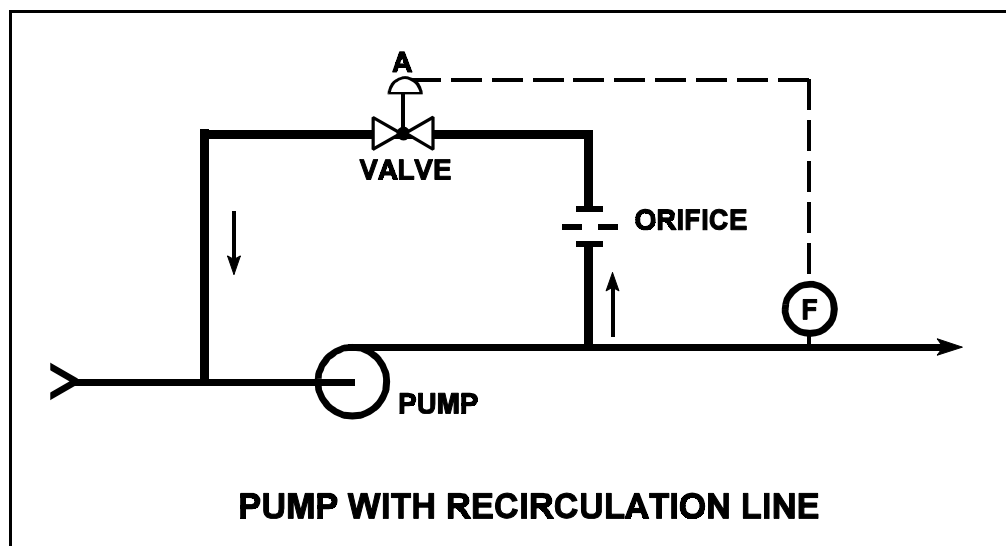
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P1320 (B1917)

Refer to the drawing of a pump with recirculation line (see figure below).

The flowpath through valve A is designed to...

- A. prevent pump runout by creating a recirculation flowpath.
- B. provide a small flow rate through the pump during shutoff head conditions.
- C. direct a small amount of water to the pump suction to raise available net positive suction head.
- D. prevent the discharge piping from exceeding design pressure during no-flow conditions.

ANSWER: B.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P1423

Which one of the following is at a relatively high value when a centrifugal pump is operating at shutoff head?

- A. Pump motor current
- B. Pump volumetric flow rate
- C. Available net positive suction head
- D. Required net positive suction head

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P1523

Which one of the following describes centrifugal pump operating parameters at shutoff head?

- A. High discharge pressure, low flow, low power demand
- B. High discharge pressure, high flow, low power demand
- C. Low discharge pressure, low flow, high power demand
- D. Low discharge pressure, high flow, high power demand

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P1621

Which one of the following conditions applies to a centrifugal pump running at shutoff head?

- A. The volumetric flow rate for the pump has been maximized.
- B. Cavitation will occur immediately upon reaching shutoff head.
- C. Available net positive suction head is at a maximum value for the existing fluid conditions.
- D. Pump differential pressure is at a minimum value.

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P1922

Which one of the following would result from operating a motor-driven centrifugal pump for extended periods of time with the discharge valve shut and no recirculation flow?

- A. No motor damage, but the pump will overheat and may be damaged.
- B. No motor damage, but the pump will overspeed and may be damaged.
- C. No pump damage, but the motor will overspeed and the motor bearings may fail.
- D. No pump damage, but the motor windings will draw excessive current and may fail.

ANSWER: A.

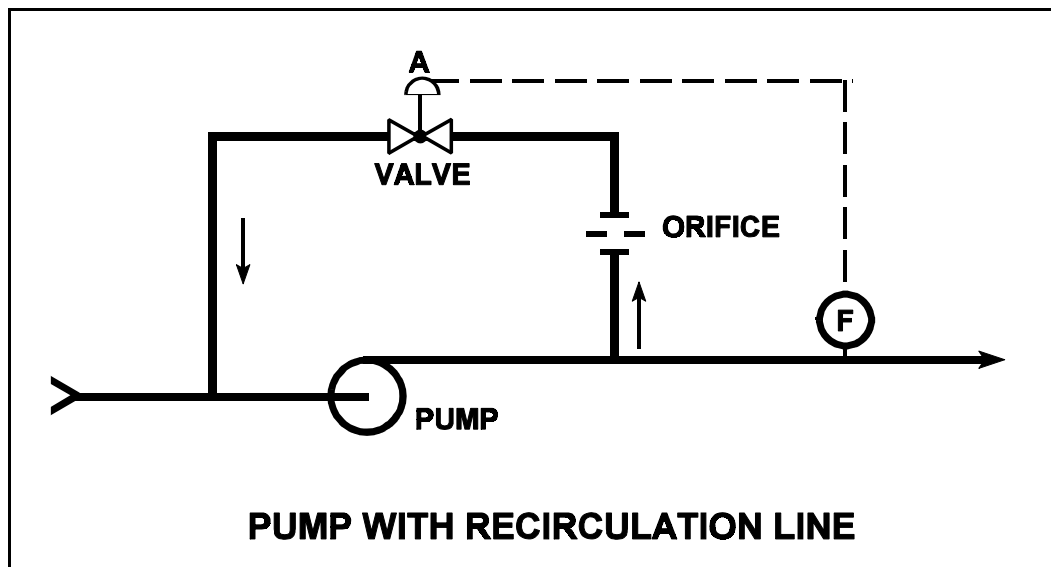
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P2019 (B2017)

Refer to the drawing of a pump with recirculation line (see figure below).

Which one of the following describes the response of the pump if a complete flow blockage occurs in the discharge line just downstream of the flow transmitter?

- A. The pump will overheat after a relatively short period of time due to a loss of both main flow and recirculation flow.
- B. The pump will overheat after a relatively long period of time due to a loss of main flow only.
- C. The pump will overheat after a relatively long period of time due to a loss of recirculation flow only.
- D. The pump will be able to operate under these conditions indefinitely due to sustained main flow.

ANSWER: B.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P2022 (B2018)

A variable-speed centrifugal fire water pump is taking a suction on an open storage tank and discharging through a 4-inch diameter fire hose and through a nozzle located 50 feet above the pump.

Which one of the following will cause the pump to operate at shutoff head?

- A. The fire hose is replaced with a 6-inch diameter fire hose.
- B. The fire hose is replaced with a 2-inch diameter fire hose.
- C. Pump speed is increased until steam formation at the eye of the impeller prevents pump flow.
- D. Pump speed is decreased until pump discharge pressure is insufficient to cause flow.

ANSWER: D.

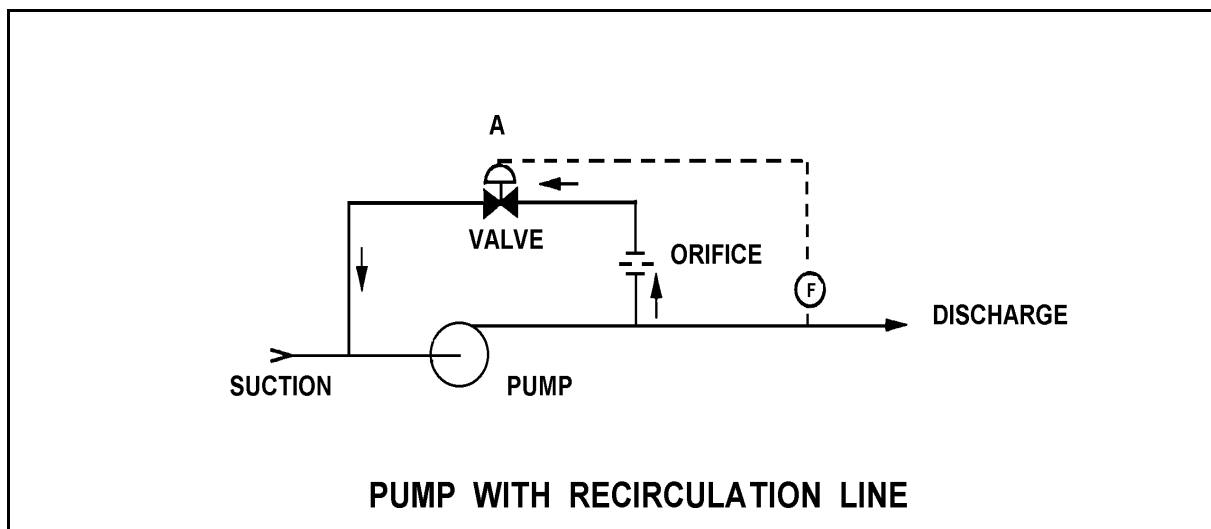
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P2221 (B1219)

Refer to the drawing of a pump with a recirculation line (see figure below).

Valve "A" will open when pump...

- A. discharge pressure increases above a setpoint.
- B. discharge pressure decreases below a setpoint.
- C. flow rate increases above a setpoint.
- D. flow rate decreases below a setpoint.

ANSWER: D.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P2322 (B520)

A centrifugal fire water pump takes a suction on an open storage tank and discharges through a fire hose. Which one of the following will cause the pump to operate at shutoff head?

- A. Suction temperature is increased to the point that gas binding occurs.
- B. Suction pressure is adjusted until available net positive suction head is reduced to zero feet.
- C. Pump speed is adjusted to the value at which cavitation occurs.
- D. The fire hose nozzle is raised to an elevation that prevents any flow.

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P2721 (B2721)

A centrifugal fire water pump takes a suction on an open storage tank and discharges through a fire hose. Which one of the following will cause the pump to operate at shutoff head?

- A. A firefighter inadvertently severs the fire hose.
- B. The fire hose becomes completely crimped in a fire door.
- C. Fire water storage tank level drops below the pump suction tap.
- D. A firefighter adjusts the fire hose nozzle spray pattern from “deluge” to “fog.”

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P2820 (B3320)

A centrifugal fire water pump takes a suction on an open storage tank and discharges through a fire hose. Which one of the following will cause the pump to operate at shutoff head?

- A. A firefighter inadvertently severs the fire hose.
- B. The fire hose becomes partially crimped in a fire door.
- C. Fire water storage tank level drops below the pump suction tap.
- D. A firefighter adjusts the fire hose nozzle spray pattern from “deluge” to “off”.

ANSWER: D.

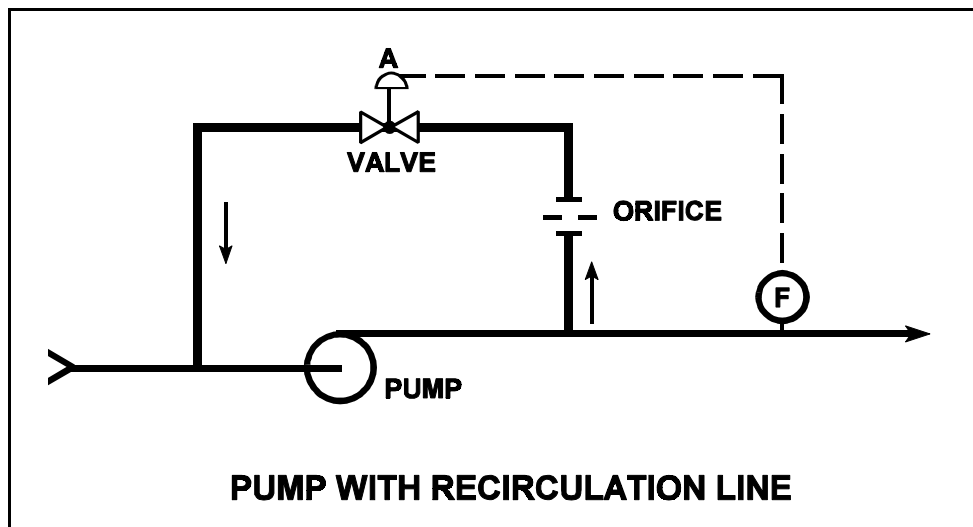
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.04 [3.3/3.4]
QID: P3122 (B2225)

Refer to the drawing of a pump with a recirculation line (see figure below).

Valve "A" will close when pump...

- A. flow rate increases above a setpoint.
- B. flow rate decreases below a setpoint.
- C. discharge pressure increases above a setpoint.
- D. discharge pressure decreases below a setpoint.

ANSWER: A.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.05 [2.8/2.9]
QID: P1429

A variable-speed centrifugal pump is driven by an ac motor with the following initial conditions:

Pump speed = 400 rpm
Motor current = 40 amps
Pump head = 60 psid

If pump speed is increased to 1,600 rpm what will be the new pump head?

- A. 240 psid
- B. 480 psid
- C. 960 psid
- D. 1,440 psid

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.06 [3.2/3.3]
QID: P322 (B324)

The available net positive suction head for a pump may be expressed as...

- A. suction pressure minus saturation pressure of the fluid being pumped.
- B. suction pressure plus discharge pressure.
- C. discharge pressure minus saturation pressure of the fluid being pumped.
- D. discharge pressure minus suction pressure.

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.06 [3.2/3.3]
QID: P1120 (B121)

Which one of the following operations will cause a decrease in available net positive suction head for an operating centrifugal pump?

- A. Decreasing the inlet fluid temperature
- B. Increasing the pump discharge pressure
- C. Increasing the pump suction pressure
- D. Throttling open the pump discharge valve

ANSWER: D.

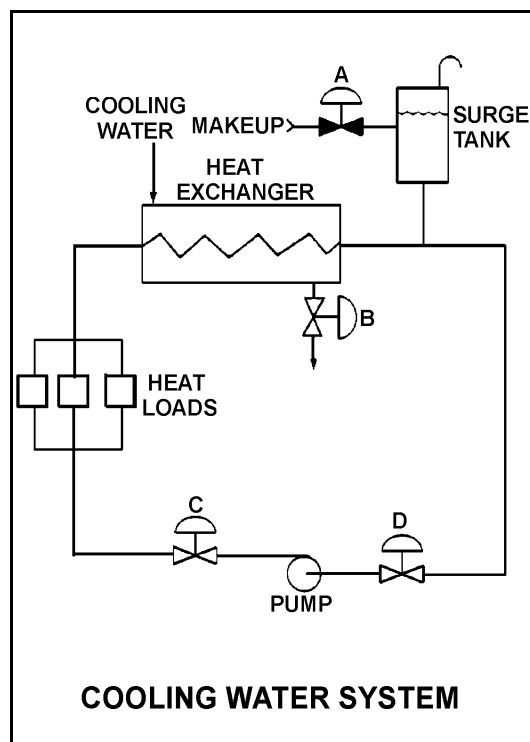
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.06 [3.2/3.3]
QID: P1221 (B1621)

Refer to the drawing of a cooling water system (see figure below).

The available net positive suction head for the centrifugal pump will be increased by...

- A. opening surge tank makeup valve "A" to raise tank level.
- B. throttling heat exchanger cooling water valve "B" closed.
- C. throttling pump discharge valve "C" more open.
- D. throttling pump suction valve "D" more closed.

ANSWER: A.



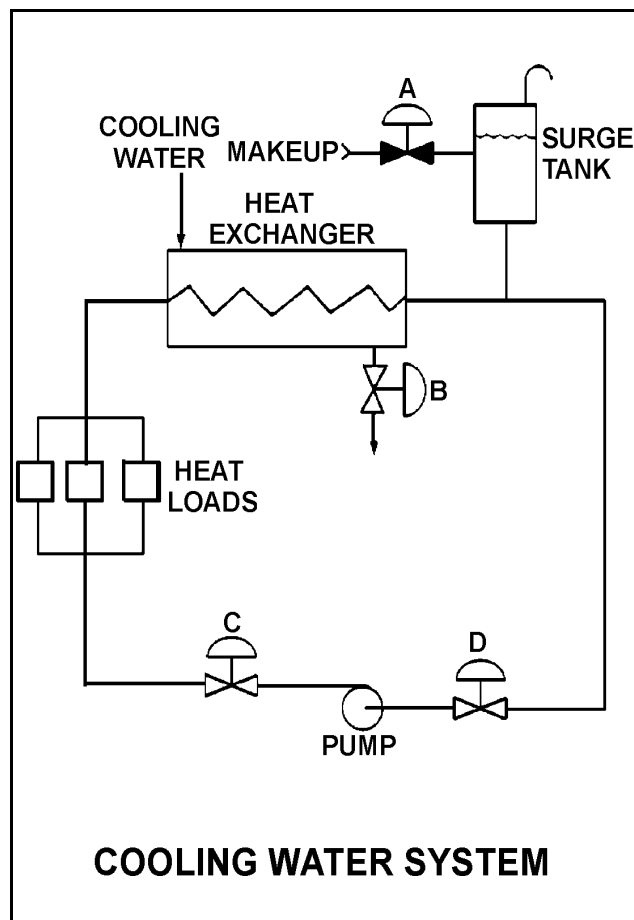
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.06 [3.2/3.3]
QID: P1521 (B1918)

Refer to the drawing of a cooling water system (see figure below).

The available net positive suction head for the centrifugal pump will be decreased by...

- A. opening surge tank makeup valve "A" to raise tank level.
- B. throttling heat exchanger cooling water valve "B" more open.
- C. throttling pump discharge valve "C" more open.
- D. reducing the heat load on the cooling water system.

ANSWER: C.



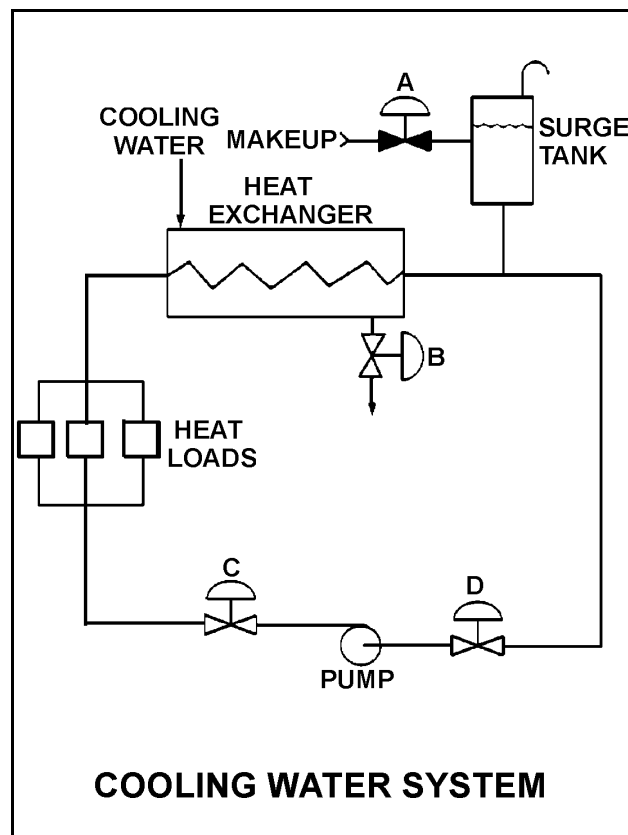
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.06 [3.2/3.3]
QID: P1822 (B2119)

Refer to the drawing of an operating cooling water system (see figure below).

Which one of the following will increase available net positive suction head for the centrifugal pump?

- A. Draining the surge tank to decrease level by 10%
- B. Positioning heat exchanger service water valve B more closed
- C. Positioning pump discharge valve C more closed
- D. Positioning pump suction valve D more closed

ANSWER: C.



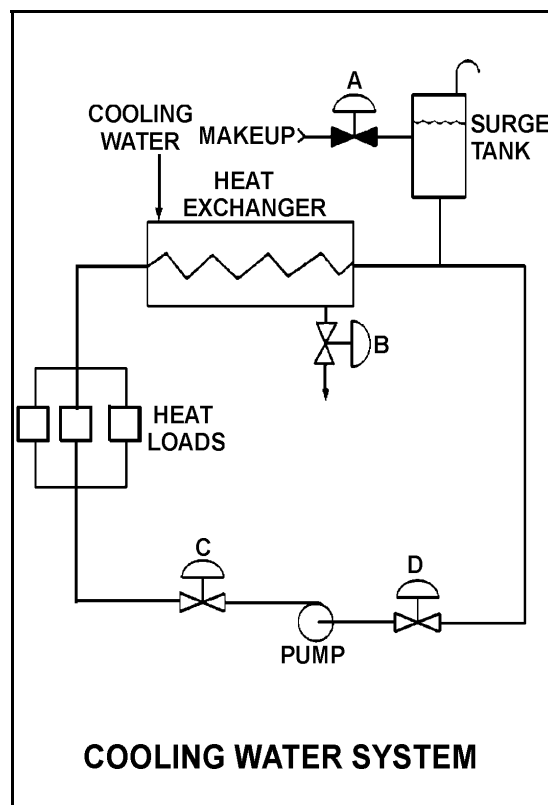
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.06 [3.2/3.3]
QID: P2222 (B2518)

Refer to the drawing of a cooling water system (see figure below).

The available net positive suction head for the centrifugal pump will be decreased by...

- A. increasing surge tank level by 5 percent.
- B. throttling heat exchanger cooling water valve "B" more open.
- C. throttling pump discharge valve "C" more closed.
- D. increasing the heat loads on the cooling water system.

ANSWER: D.



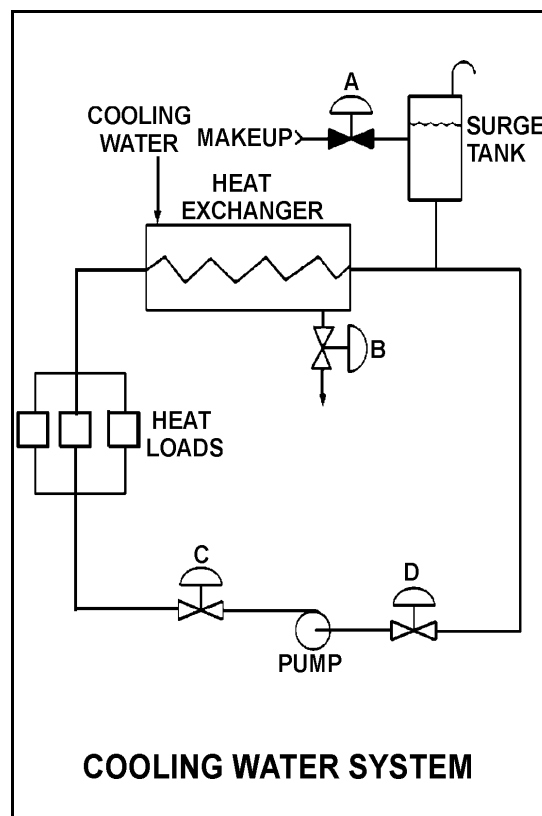
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.06 [3.2/3.3]
QID: P2323 (B2319)

Refer to the drawing of an operating cooling water system (see figure below).

Which one of the following will decrease available net positive suction head for the centrifugal pump?

- A. Adding water to the surge tank to raise level by 10%
- B. Positioning heat exchanger service water valve B more open
- C. Positioning pump discharge valve C more open
- D. Reducing heat loads on the cooling water system by 10%

ANSWER: C.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.06 [3.2/3.3]
QID: P2621 (B2621)

A cooling water pump is operating with pump suction parameters as follows:

Suction Temperature: 124°F
Suction Pressure: 11.7 psia

What is the approximate available net positive suction head (NPSH) for the pump? (Neglect the contribution of the suction fluid velocity to NPSH.)

- A. 23 feet
- B. 27 feet
- C. 31 feet
- D. 35 feet

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.06 [3.2/3.3]
QID: P2722 (B2722)

A centrifugal pump is operating at maximum design flow rate, taking suction on a vented water storage tank and discharging through two parallel valves. Valve "A" is fully open and valve "B" is half open.

Which one of the following will occur if valve B is fully closed?

- A. The pump will operate at shutoff head.
- B. The pump will operate at runout conditions.
- C. The pump available net positive suction head will increase.
- D. The pump required net positive suction head will increase.

ANSWER: C.

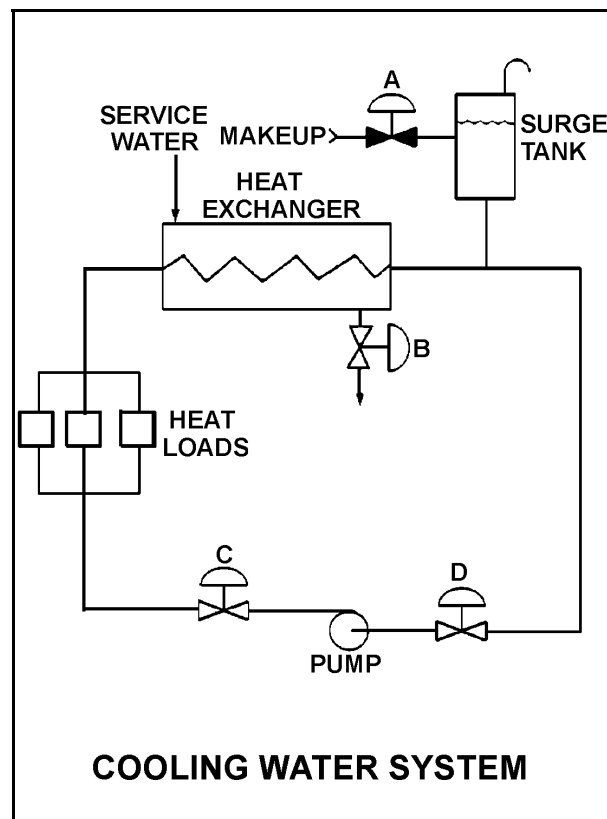
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.06 [3.2/3.3]
QID: P2921 (B2920)

Refer to the drawing of an operating cooling water system (see figure below).

Which one of the following will increase the available net positive suction head for the centrifugal pump?

- A. Draining the surge tank to decrease level by 10%
- B. Positioning the service water valve B more closed
- C. Positioning the pump discharge valve C more open
- D. Reducing the heat loads on the cooling water system

ANSWER: D.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.06 [3.2/3.3]
QID: P3020 (B3022)

A centrifugal pump is needed to take suction on a hot water storage tank and deliver high pressure hot water to a water spray system. To minimize axial thrust on the pump shaft, the pump should have _____ stage(s); and to maximize the available NPSH at the impeller inlet, the pump should be _____ suction.

- A. a single; single
- B. a single; double
- C. multiple opposed; single
- D. multiple opposed; double

Answer: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.06 [3.2/3.3]
QID: P3221 (B3219)

A centrifugal pump is taking suction on an open storage tank that has been filled to a level of 40 feet with 10,000 gallons of 60°F water. The pump is located at the base of the tank, takes a suction from the bottom of the tank, and discharges through a fire hose.

Given:

- The pump is currently operating at its design flow rate of 200 gpm and a total developed head of 150 feet.
- The pump requires 4 feet of net positive suction head (NPSH).

How will the centrifugal pump flow rate be affected as the water storage tank level decreases?

- A. Flow rate will remain constant until the pump begins to cavitate at a tank level of about 4 feet.
- B. Flow rate will remain constant until the pump becomes air bound when the tank empties.
- C. Flow rate will gradually decrease until the pump begins to cavitate at a tank level of about 4 feet.
- D. Flow rate will gradually decrease until the pump becomes air bound when the tank empties.

ANSWER: D.

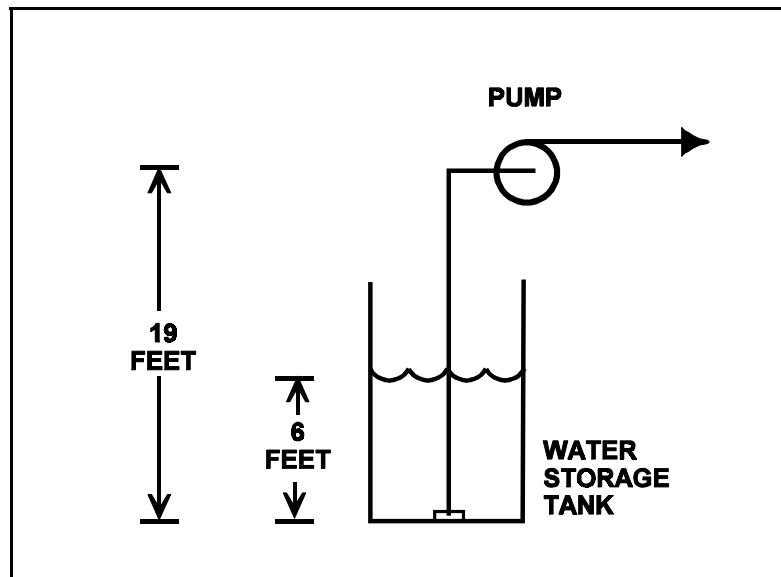
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.06 [3.2/3.3]
QID: P4010 (B4011)

Refer to the drawing below of a centrifugal pump taking suction from the bottom of an open storage tank containing water at 66°F. Pump and water level elevations are indicated in the figure. Assume standard atmospheric pressure.

Assuming that pump suction fluid velocity head loss is negligible, what is the approximate value of net positive suction head available to the pump.

- A. 6 feet
- B. 13 feet
- C. 20 feet
- D. 25 feet

ANSWER: C.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P24

Shutting the discharge valve on an operating centrifugal pump will cause the motor amps to _____ and the pump discharge pressure to _____.

- A. increase, increase
- B. decrease, increase
- C. increase, decrease
- D. decrease, decrease

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P117

When starting an ac motor-driven centrifugal pump, the response of motor current will be...

- A. low starting amps, increasing to a higher equilibrium running amperage.
- B. low starting amps, remaining at a low equilibrium running amperage.
- C. high starting amps, decreasing to a lower equilibrium running amperage.
- D. high starting amps, remaining at a high equilibrium running amperage.

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P224

A constant-speed centrifugal pump motor draws the least current when the pump is...

- A. at runout conditions.
- B. at operating conditions.
- C. accelerating to normal speed during start.
- D. at shutoff head.

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P424

A centrifugal pump is circulating water at 100°F in a cooling water system. After several hours the water temperature has increased to 150°F. Assuming system flow rate (gpm) is constant, pump motor amps will have _____ because _____.

- A. decreased; water density has decreased
- B. decreased; water volume has increased
- C. increased; water density has decreased
- D. increased; water volume has increased

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P821

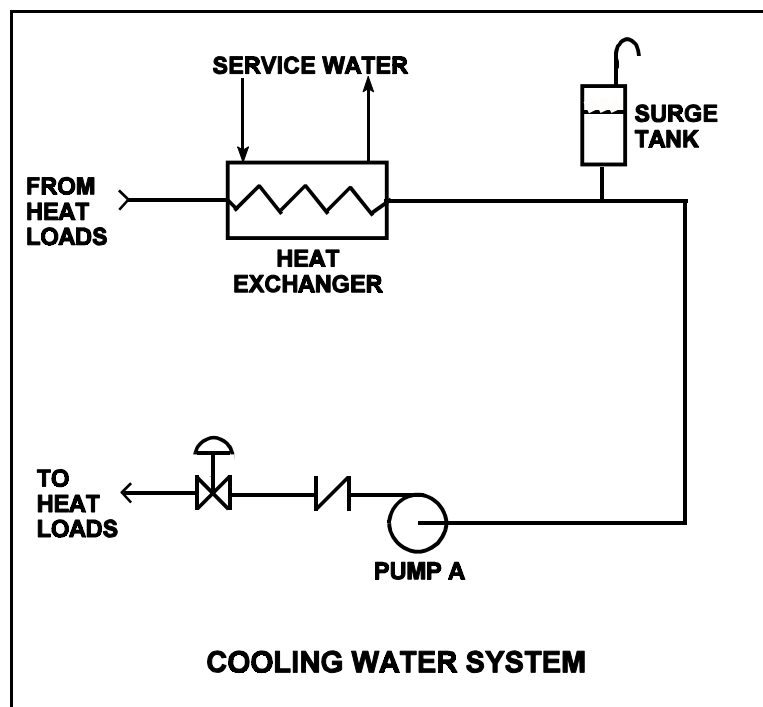
Refer to the drawing of an operating cooling water system (see figure below).

The pump is circulating 200°F water. Several hours later, after system cooldown and no lineup changes, the pump is circulating 120°F water.

During the system cooldown, pump motor current has...

- A. decreased because water density has increased.
- B. increased because water density has increased.
- C. decreased because pump motor efficiency has decreased.
- D. increased because pump motor efficiency has decreased.

ANSWER: B.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P923

A centrifugal pump is operating in a closed system with all valves fully open. If the pump discharge valve is throttled 75% closed, pump motor current will...

- A. increase and stabilize at a higher value.
- B. decrease and stabilize at a lower value.
- C. increase briefly, then return to original value.
- D. decrease briefly, then return to original value.

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P1223

Which one of the following centrifugal pump operating conditions will result in the most current being drawn by the pump ac motor?

- A. Pump discharge head is at shutoff head.
- B. The pump is operating at minimum flow.
- C. Pump discharge head is at design head.
- D. The pump is operating at runout.

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P1420 (B2219)

A centrifugal pump is circulating water at 150°F in a cooling water system. After several hours the water temperature has decreased to 100°F. Assuming system flow rate (gpm) is constant, pump motor amps will have _____ because _____ has increased.

- A. increased; water density
- B. decreased; water density
- C. increased; motor efficiency
- D. decreased; motor efficiency

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P1622 (B922)

An ac induction motor-driven centrifugal pump is circulating water at 180°F with a motor current of 100 amps. After several hours, system temperature has changed such that the water density has increased by 4%.

Assuming pump head and volumetric flow rate do not change, which one of the following is the new pump motor current?

- A. 84 amps
- B. 96 amps
- C. 104 amps
- D. 116 amps

ANSWER: C.

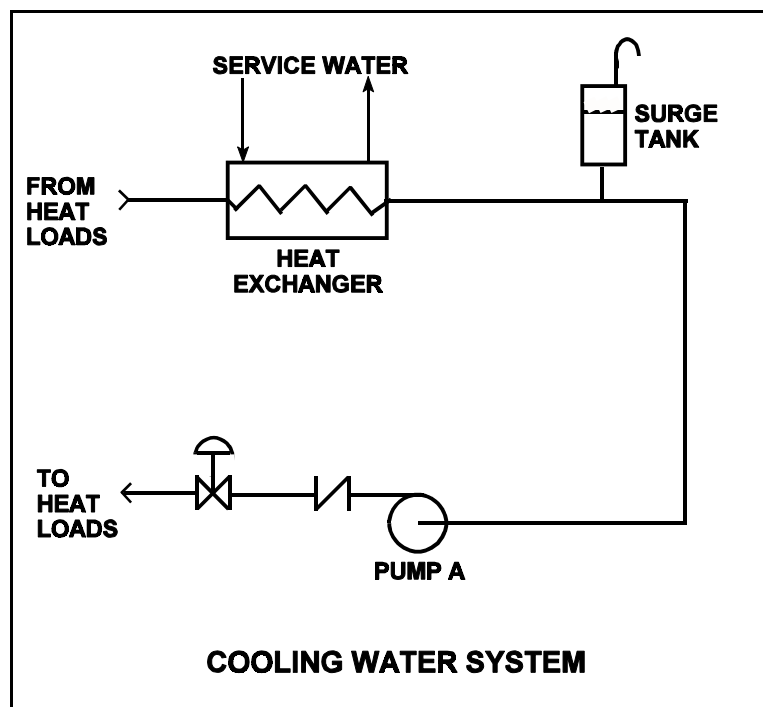
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P1824 (B419)

Refer to the drawing of a cooling water system (see figure below).

The centrifugal pump is circulating water at 100°F. After several hours the water temperature has increased to 200°F. Assuming system flow rate (gpm) is constant, pump motor amps will have _____ because _____.

- A. decreased; water density has decreased
- B. increased; water density has decreased
- C. decreased; pump efficiency has increased
- D. increased; pump efficiency has increased

ANSWER: A.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P1924 (B115)

A constant-speed centrifugal pump motor draws the least current when the pump is...

- A. at maximum rated flow conditions.
- B. operating on recirculation flow only.
- C. accelerating to normal speed during start.
- D. at shutoff head with no recirculation flow.

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P2023 (B2020)

A reactor coolant pump (RCP) is circulating reactor coolant at 100°F. After several hours the reactor coolant temperature has increased to 150°F.

Assuming coolant flow rate (gpm) is constant, RCP motor amps will have _____ because _____.

- A. decreased; coolant density has decreased
- B. decreased; system head losses have increased
- C. increased; coolant density has increased
- D. increased; system head losses have decreased

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P2123 (B622)

A centrifugal pump is operating at rated conditions in an open system with all valves fully open. If the pump discharge valve is throttled to 50% closed, pump discharge pressure will _____ and pump motor current will _____.

- A. decrease; decrease
- B. decrease; increase
- C. increase; increase
- D. increase; decrease

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P2124 (B2423)

A centrifugal pump in a cooling water system is circulating water at 180°F with a motor current of 200 amps. After several hours, system temperature has changed such that the water density has increased by 3%.

Assuming pump head remains the same, which one of the following is the new pump motor current?

- A. 203 amps
- B. 206 amps
- C. 218 amps
- D. 236 amps

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P2520 (B2520)

A constant-speed centrifugal pump motor draws the most current when the pump is...

- A. at maximum rated flow conditions.
- B. operating at runout flow.
- C. accelerating to normal speed during start.
- D. at shutoff head with no recirculation flow.

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P2821 (B2822)

An ac motor-driven centrifugal pump was just started. During the start, motor current remained peaked for 6 seconds before decreasing to standard running current. Normally, the starting current peak lasts about 4 seconds.

Which one of the following could have caused the extended starting current peak?

- A. The pump shaft was seized and did not turn.
- B. The pump was initially rotating slowly in the reverse direction.
- C. The pump discharge check valve was stuck closed and did not open.
- D. The pump was initially air bound, and then primed itself after 6 seconds of operation.

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P2925 (B2921)

A centrifugal pump is circulating water at 180°F with a motor current of 200 amps. After several hours, system temperature has changed such that the water density has increased by 6%.

Assuming pump head and volumetric flow rate do not change, which one of the following is the new pump motor current?

- A. 203 amps
- B. 206 amps
- C. 212 amps
- D. 224 amps

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.07 [2.9/2.9]
QID: P3822 (B3820)

An ac motor-driven centrifugal water pump was just started. During the start, motor current remained peaked for 2 seconds, and then decreased and stabilized at about one-fifth the standard running current. Normally, the starting current peak lasts about 4 seconds.

Which one of the following could have caused the abnormal start indications above?

- A. The pump shaft was seized and the motor breaker opened.
- B. The pump was initially rotating slowly in the reverse direction.
- C. The pump was initially air bound, and then primed itself after 2 seconds of operation.
- D. The coupling between the motor and pump shafts was left unfastened after maintenance.

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.08 [2.4/2.6]
QID: P225

Many larger centrifugal pumps are started with their discharge valves closed to prevent...

- A. cavitation in the pump.
- B. lifting the discharge relief valve.
- C. loss of recirculation (miniflow).
- D. excessive current in the pump motor.

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.08 [2.4/2.6]
QID: P1325 (B1822)*

Some large centrifugal pumps are interlocked so that the pump will not start unless its discharge valve is at least 90% fully closed. This interlock is provided to minimize the...

- A. pump discharge pressure.
- B. heating of the pumped fluid.
- C. cavitation at the pump suction.
- D. duration of the pump motor starting current.

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.08 [2.4/2.6]
QID: P2622 (B821)

Which one of the following contains two reasons for starting a centrifugal pump with the discharge piping full of water and the discharge valve shut?

- A. Prevent pump runout and prevent motor overspeed
- B. Prevent pump runout and ensure lubrication of pump seals
- C. Prevent water hammer and ensure adequate pump recirculation flow
- D. Prevent water hammer and prevent excessive starting current

ANSWER: D.

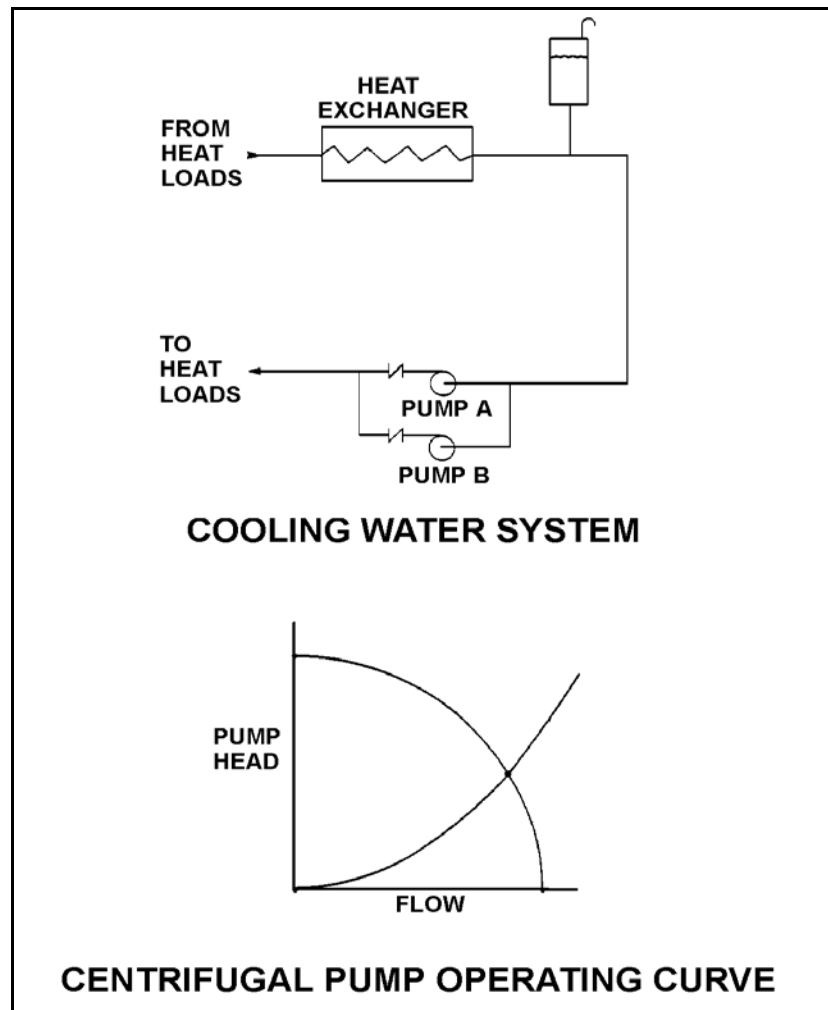
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.09 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P323

Refer to the drawing of a cooling water system and the associated centrifugal pump operating curve (see figure below) in which pumps A and B are identical single-speed centrifugal pumps and only pump A is operating.

If pump B is started, system flow rate will be _____ and common pump discharge pressure will be _____.

- A. the same; higher
- B. higher; the same
- C. the same; the same
- D. higher; higher

ANSWER: D.



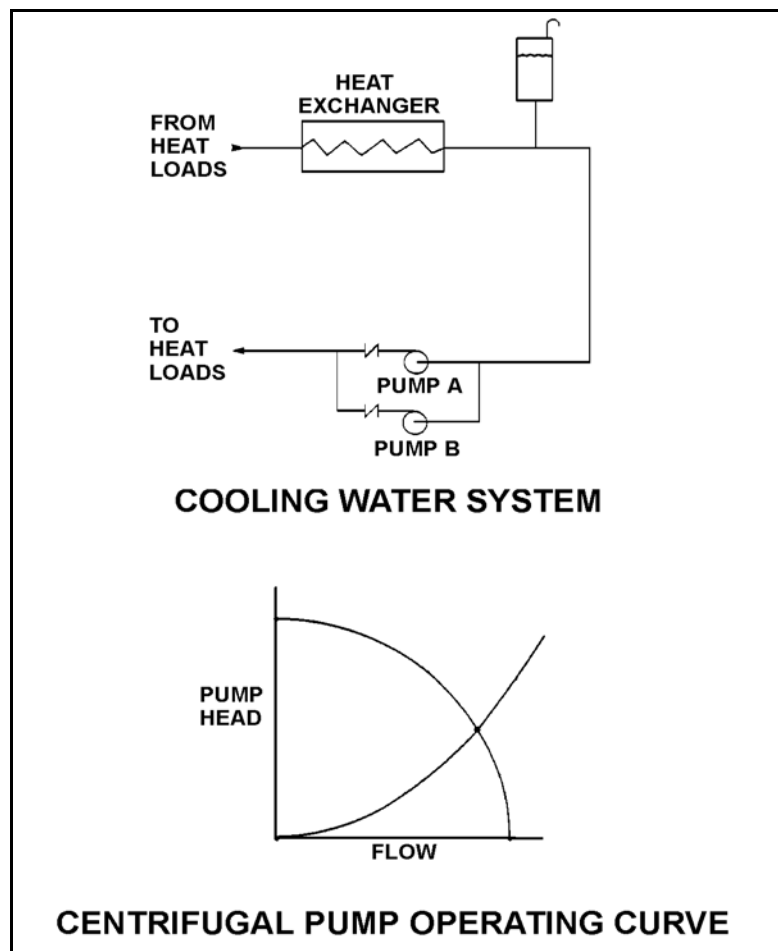
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.09 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P1823

Refer to the drawing of a cooling water system and the associated centrifugal pump operating curve (see figure below).

Pumps A and B are identical single-speed centrifugal pumps and only pump A is operating. If pump B is started, after the system stabilizes system flow rate will be...

- A. twice the original flow.
- B. the same as the original flow.
- C. less than twice the original flow.
- D. more than twice the original flow.

ANSWER: C.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.09 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P2223

A centrifugal pump is operating in parallel with a positive displacement pump in an open water system. Each pump has the same maximum design pressure.

If pump discharge pressure increases to the maximum design pressure of each pump, the centrifugal pump will be operating at _____ flow and the positive displacement pump will be operating near _____ flow.

- A. minimum; minimum
- B. minimum; maximum rated
- C. maximum rated; minimum
- D. maximum rated; maximum rated

ANSWER: B.

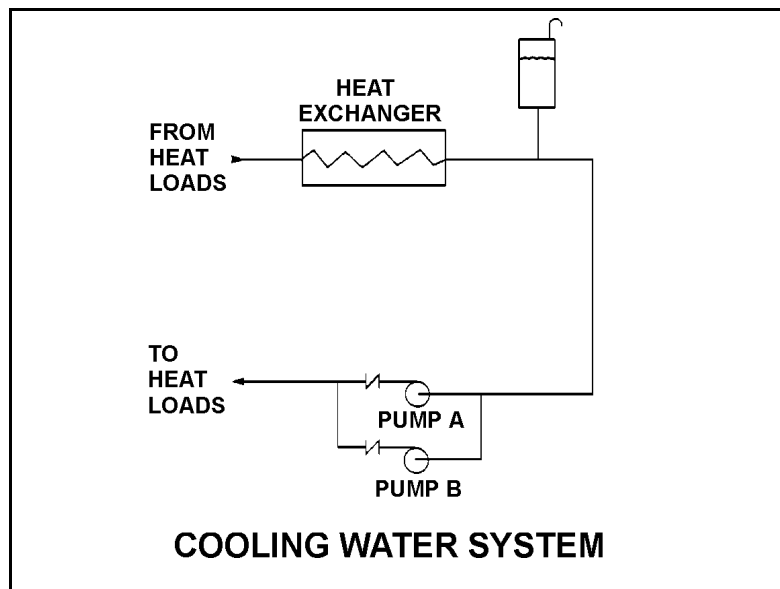
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.09 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P2324

Refer to the drawing of a cooling water system (see figure below).

Pumps A and B are identical single-speed centrifugal pumps and both pumps are operating. If pump B trips, after the system stabilizes, system flow rate will be...

- A. more than one-half the original flow.
- B. one-half the original flow.
- C. the same; only the pump head will change.
- D. less than one-half the original flow.

ANSWER: A.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.12 [2.5/2.7]
QID: P324

Which one of the following is an indication of pump runout?

- A. Low pump flow rate
- B. High pump vibration
- C. Low pump motor current
- D. High pump discharge pressure

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.12 [2.5/2.7]
QID: P823

Which one of the following is an indication of pump runout?

- A. High discharge pressure
- B. Low pump motor current
- C. High pump flow rate
- D. Pump flow reversal

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.12 [2.5/2.7]
QID: P1123 (B1920)

Which one of the following describes centrifugal pump runout conditions?

- A. High discharge pressure, low flow, high power demand
- B. High discharge pressure, high flow, low power demand
- C. Low discharge pressure, low flow, low power demand
- D. Low discharge pressure, high flow, high power demand

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.12 [2.5/2.7]
QID: P1623 (B1323)

A centrifugal pump is operating at maximum design flow rate, delivering water through two parallel valves. Valve "A" is half open, and valve "B" is one quarter open.

Which one of the following will occur if both valves are fully opened?

- A. The pump will operate at shutoff head.
- B. The pump available net positive suction head will increase.
- C. The pump required net positive suction head will decrease.
- D. The pump will operate at runout conditions.

ANSWER: D.

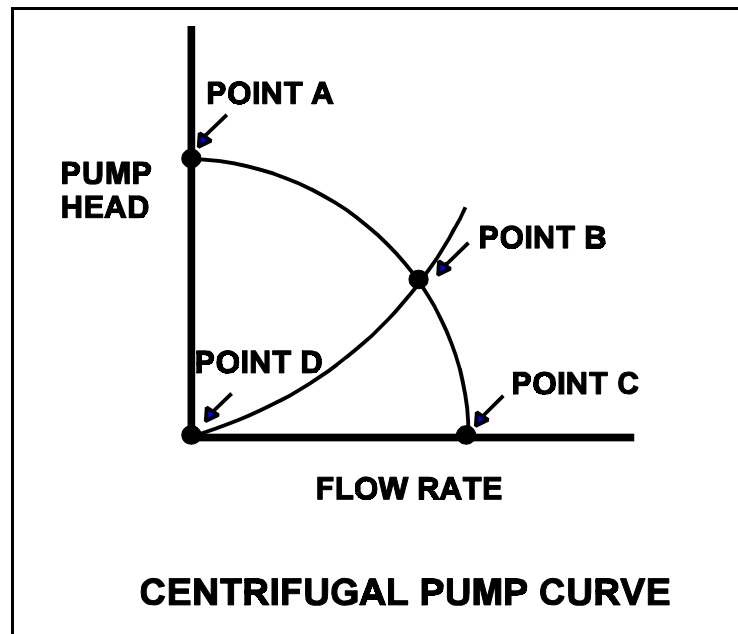
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.12 [2.5/2.7]
QID: P1721 (B1024)

Refer to the drawing of a centrifugal pump operating curve (see figure below).

Which point represents pump operation at runout conditions?

- A. Point A
- B. Point B
- C. Point C
- D. Point D

ANSWER: C.



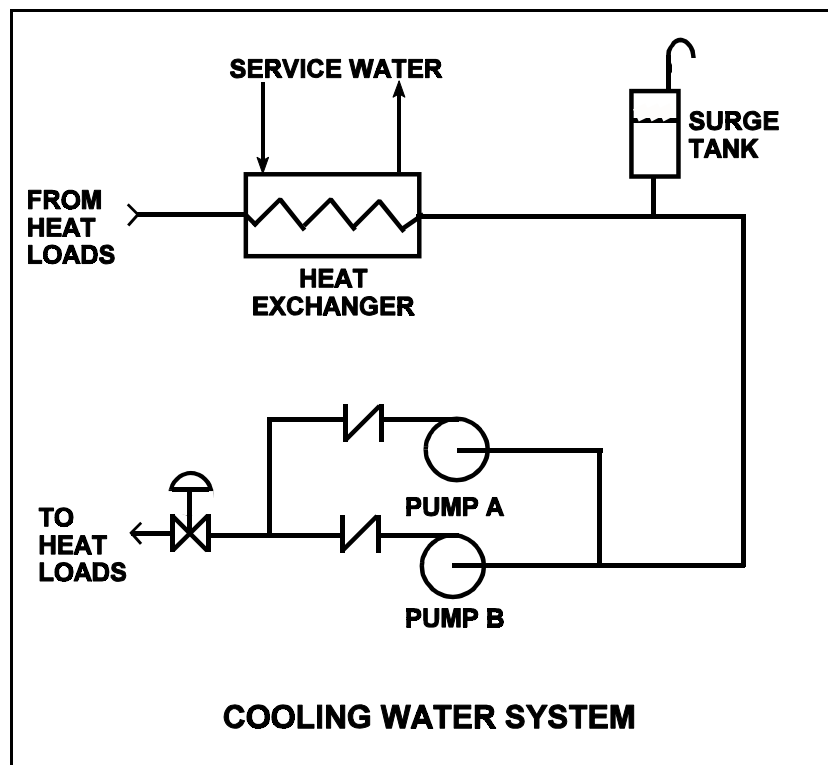
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.12 [2.5/2.7]
QID: P3910 (B3910)

Refer to the drawing of a cooling water system in which only centrifugal pump A is operating and the common pump discharge valve is currently 90% open (see figure below).

An abnormal total heat load on the cooling water system is causing pump A to approach operation at runout conditions. Which one of the following will cause pump A to operate farther away from runout conditions? (Assume that satisfactory available net positive suction head is maintained at all times.)

- A. Starting pump B.
- B. Positioning the discharge valve to 100% open.
- C. Raising the water level in the surge tank by 2 feet.
- D. Decreasing heat exchanger service water flow rate by 10%.

ANSWER: A.



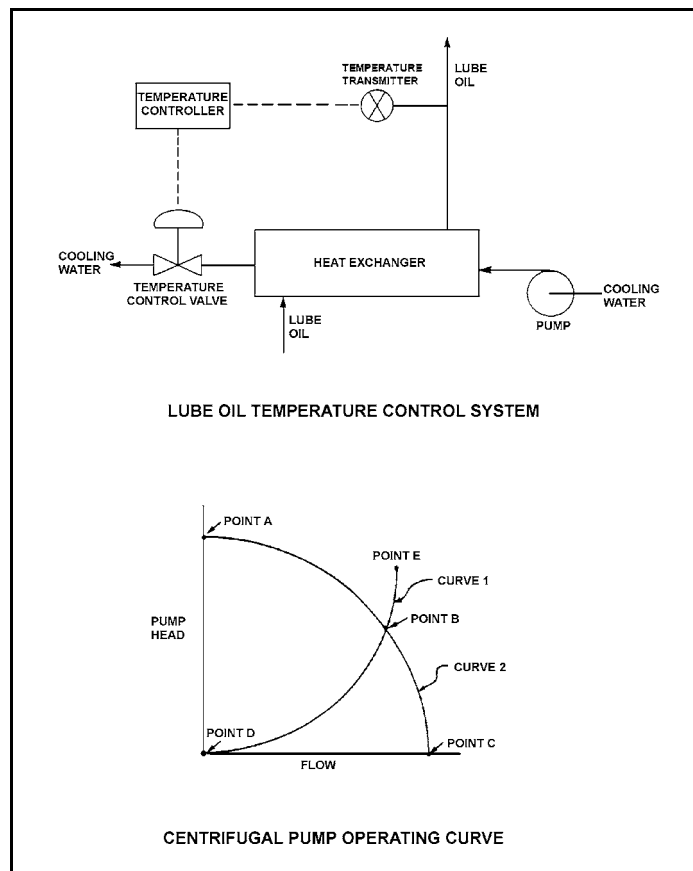
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P623 (B1423)

Refer to the drawing of a lube oil temperature control system and the associated centrifugal pump operating curve (see figure on the following page).

If the pump is operating at point B on the operating curve, how will the operating point change if the temperature control valve modulates farther open?

- A. Operating point B will be located on curve 1 closer to point E.
- B. Operating point B will be located on curve 1 closer to point D.
- C. Operating point B will be located on curve 2 closer to point A.
- D. Operating point B will be located on curve 2 closer to point C.

ANSWER: D.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P723 (B722)

Refer to the drawing of a lube oil temperature control system and the associated centrifugal pump operating curve (see figure below).

The pump is operating at point B on the operating curve. If the temperature control valve modulates farther closed, operating point B will be located on curve _____, closer to point _____ . (The options below assume that curves 1 and 2 are exactly as shown in the figure.)

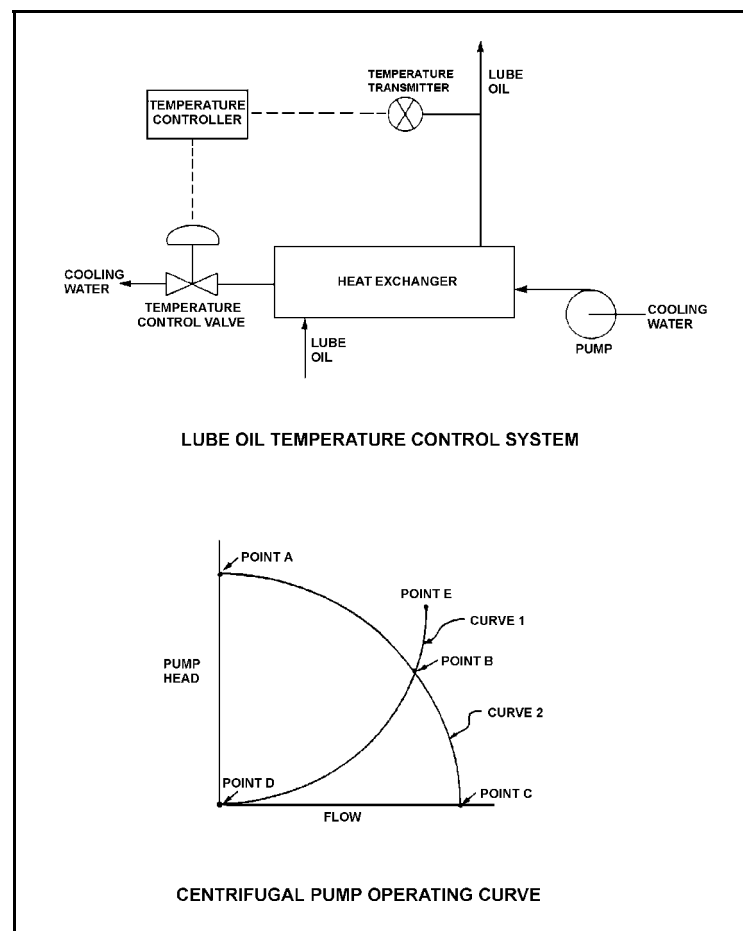
A. 1; D

B. 2; A

C. 1; E

D. 2; C

ANSWER: B.



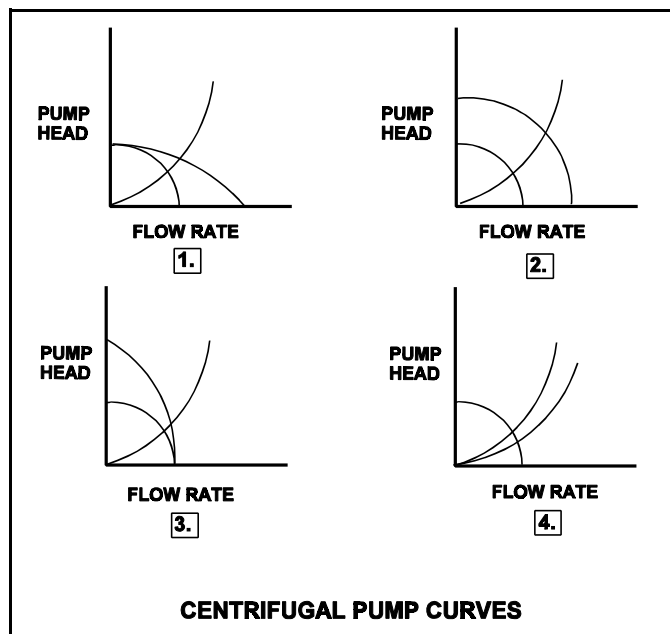
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P824

Refer to the drawing of four centrifugal pump operating curves (see figure below).

A centrifugal pump in a closed system is operating with a partially open discharge valve. The discharge valve is then opened fully. Which set of curves illustrates the initial and final operating conditions?

- A. 1.
- B. 2.
- C. 3.
- D. 4.

ANSWER: D.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P926 (B1578)

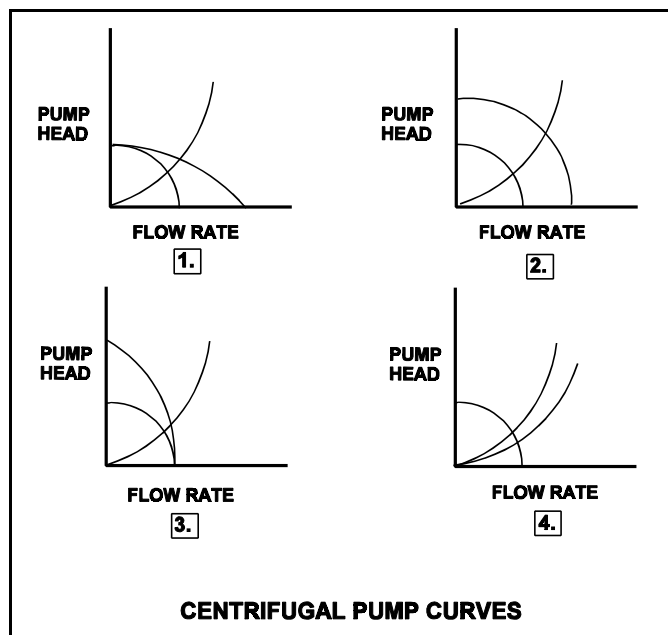
Refer to the drawing of four sets of centrifugal pump operating curves (see figure below). Each set of curves shows the combination of two pump/system operating conditions.

Two identical constant-speed centrifugal pumps are operating in series in an open system when one pump trips.

Which set of operating curves depicts the "before" and "after" conditions described above?

- A. 1.
- B. 2.
- C. 3.
- D. 4.

ANSWER: C.



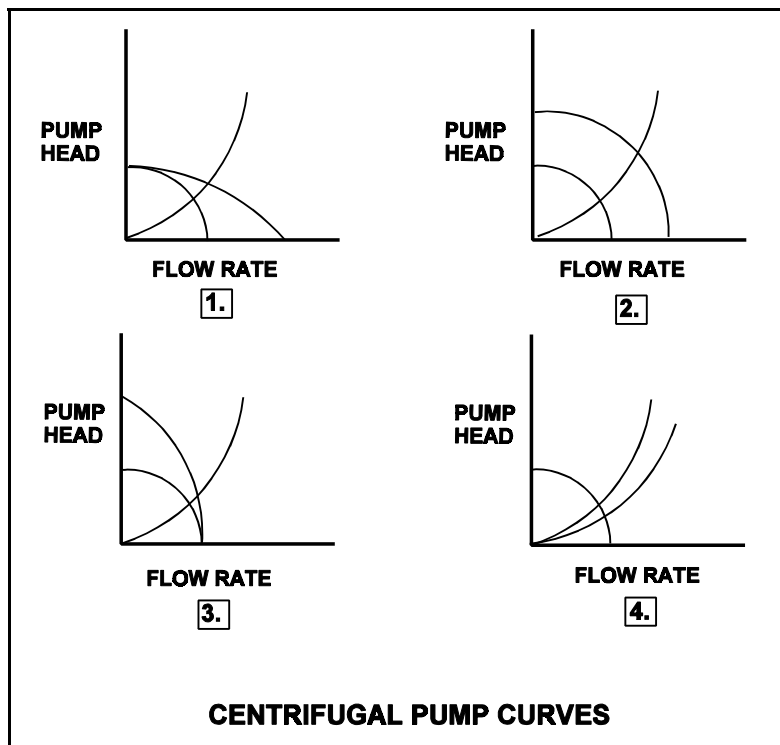
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P1324 (B2179)

Refer to the drawing of four centrifugal pump operating curves (see figure below).

A centrifugal pump is operating in a cooling water system. Another identical centrifugal pump is started in series with the first. Which set of curves illustrates the resulting change in system parameters?

- A. 1.
- B. 2.
- C. 3.
- D. 4.

ANSWER: C.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P1524 (B2480)

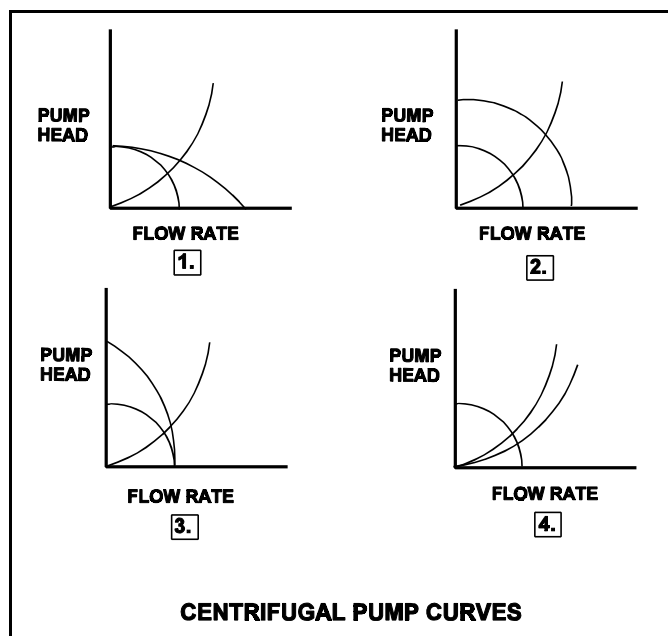
Refer to the drawing of four sets of centrifugal pump operating curves (see figure below). Each set of curves shows the results of a change in pump/system operating conditions.

Two identical constant-speed centrifugal pumps are operating in parallel in an open system when one pump trips.

Which set of operating curves depicts the "before" and "after" conditions described above?

- A. 1.
- B. 2.
- C. 3.
- D. 4.

ANSWER: A.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P1624 (B2279)

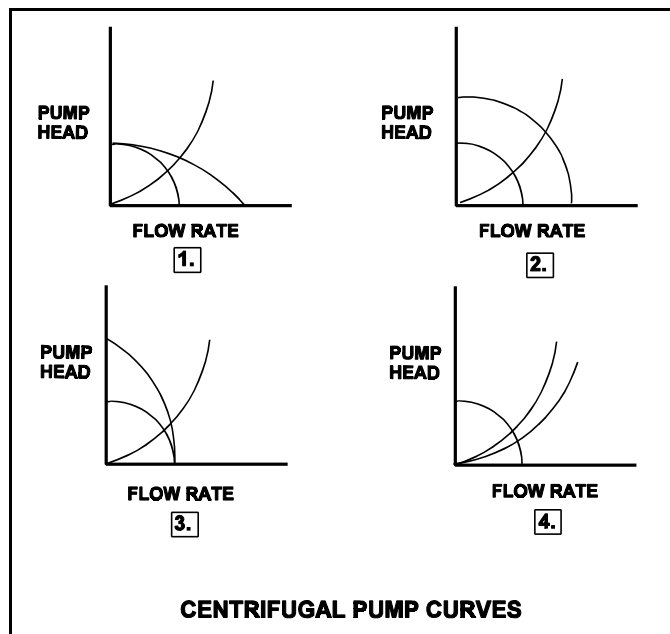
Refer to the drawing of four sets of centrifugal pump operating curves (see figure below). Each set of curves shows the results of a change in pump/system operating conditions.

One constant-speed centrifugal pump is operating in an open system when a second identical centrifugal pump is started in parallel.

Which set of operating curves depicts the "before" and "after" conditions described above?

- A. 1.
- B. 2.
- C. 3.
- D. 4.

ANSWER: A.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P1724 (B1780)

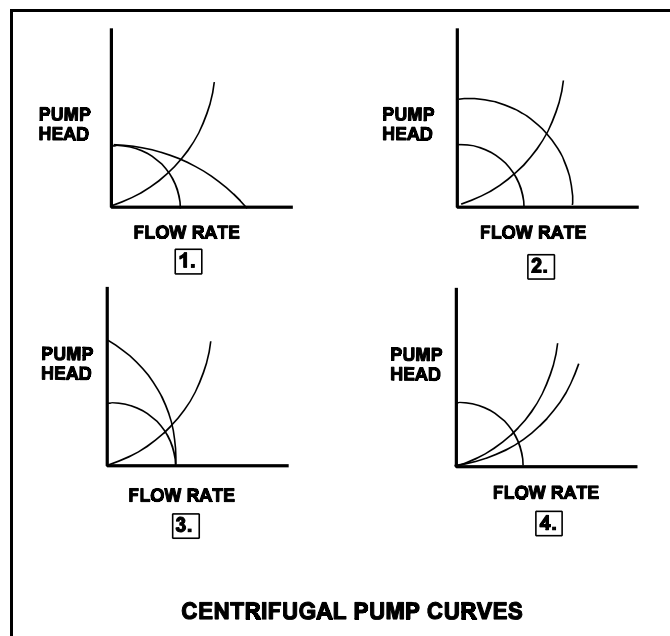
Refer to the drawing of four centrifugal pump operating curves (see figure below).

A centrifugal pump is operating in a closed water system and discharging through a heat exchanger. A second heat exchanger, in parallel with the first, is then placed in service.

Which set of curves illustrates the initial and final operating conditions?

- A. 1.
- B. 2.
- C. 3.
- D. 4.

ANSWER: D.



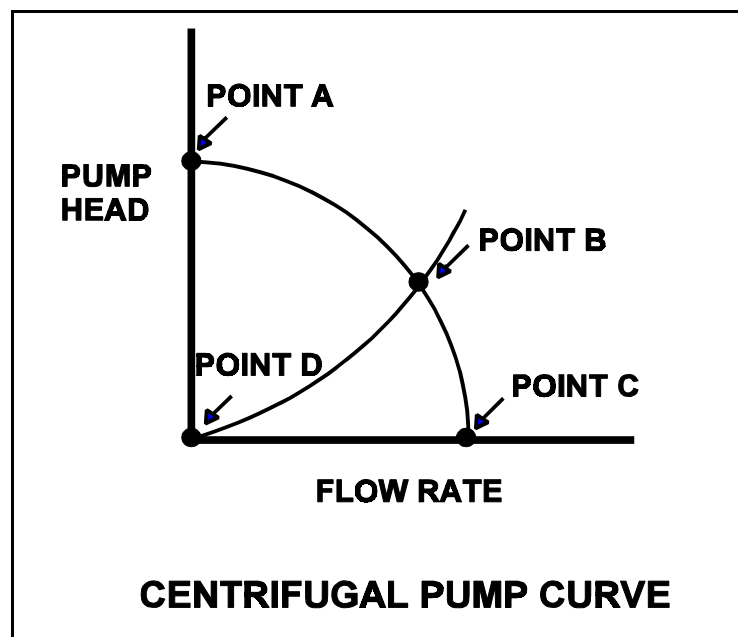
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P1921 (B925)

Refer to the drawing of a centrifugal pump and system operating curve (see figure below).

Which one of the following determines the general shape of the curve from point D to point B?

- A. The frictional losses between the pump impeller and its casing as the pump head increases
- B. Pump flow losses due to back leakage through the clearances between the pump impeller and casing as the pump head increases
- C. The frictional and throttling losses in the piping system as the system flow rate increases
- D. Pump flow losses due to the decrease in available net positive suction head as the system flow rate increases

ANSWER: C.



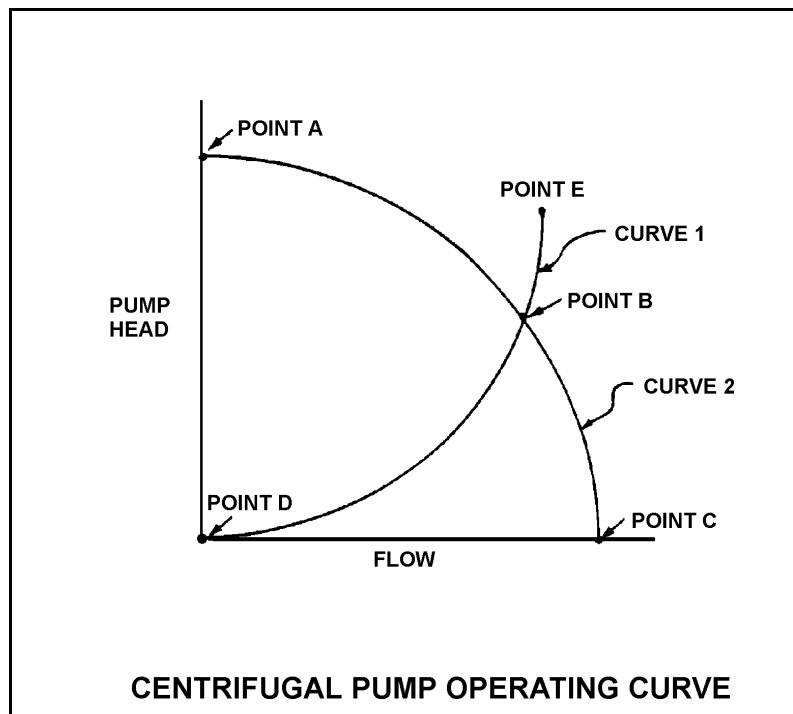
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P2325 (B2323)

Refer to the drawing of a centrifugal pump operating curve (see figure below).

A centrifugal pump is currently operating at point B. If the pump speed is reduced by one-half, the new operating point will be located on curve _____, closer to point _____.
(Assume that no other changes occur in the system.)

- A. 1; D
- B. 2; A
- C. 1; E
- D. 2; C

ANSWER: A.



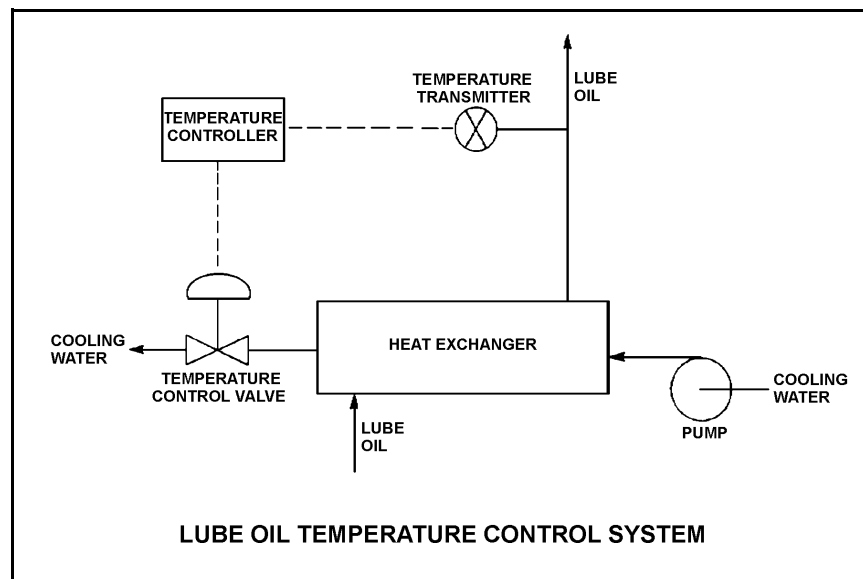
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P2422 (B2422)

Refer to the drawing of a lube oil temperature control system (see figure below).

The pump is operating with the temperature control valve one-half open. If the temperature control valve modulates farther closed, system head loss will _____ and pump head will _____.

- A. increase, decrease
- B. increase, increase
- C. decrease, decrease
- D. decrease, increase

ANSWER: B.



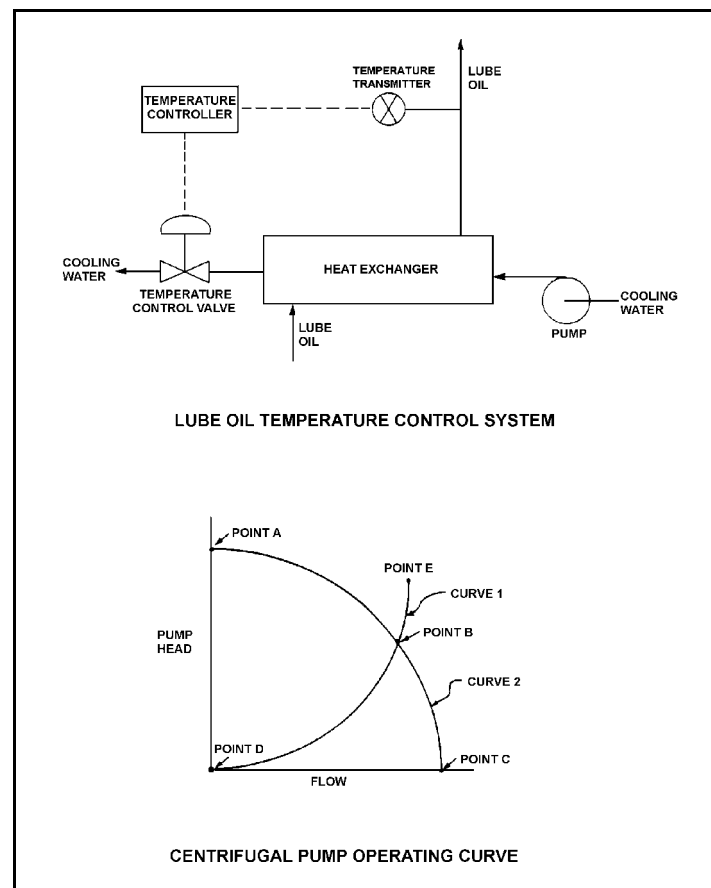
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P2523 (B2524)

Refer to the drawing of a lube oil temperature control system and the associated centrifugal pump operating curve (see figure below).

If the pump is operating at point B on the operating curve, how will the operating point change if the temperature controller setpoint is decreased by 10°F?

- A. Operating point B will be located on curve 1 closer to point E.
- B. Operating point B will be located on curve 1 closer to point D.
- C. Operating point B will be located on curve 2 closer to point A.
- D. Operating point B will be located on curve 2 closer to point C.

ANSWER: D.



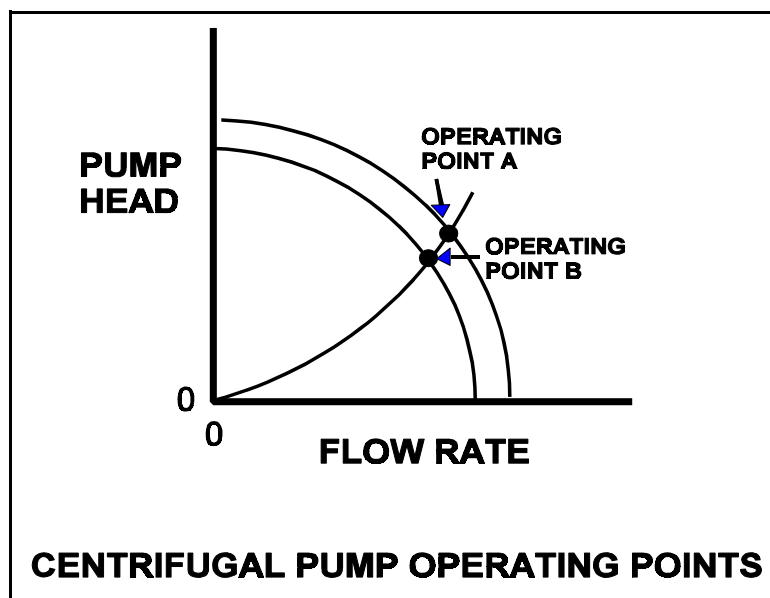
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P2723 (B2718)

Refer to the drawing showing two operating points for the same centrifugal pump (see figure below).

Operating point A was generated from pump performance data taken six months ago. Current pump performance data was used to generate operating point B. Which one of the following would cause the observed difference between operating points A and B?

- A. The pump discharge valve was more open when data was collected for operating point A.
- B. The pump discharge valve was more closed when data was collected for operating point A.
- C. The pump internal components have worn since data was collected for operating point A.
- D. The system piping head loss has increased since data was collected for operating point A.

ANSWER: C.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P2823 (B2879)

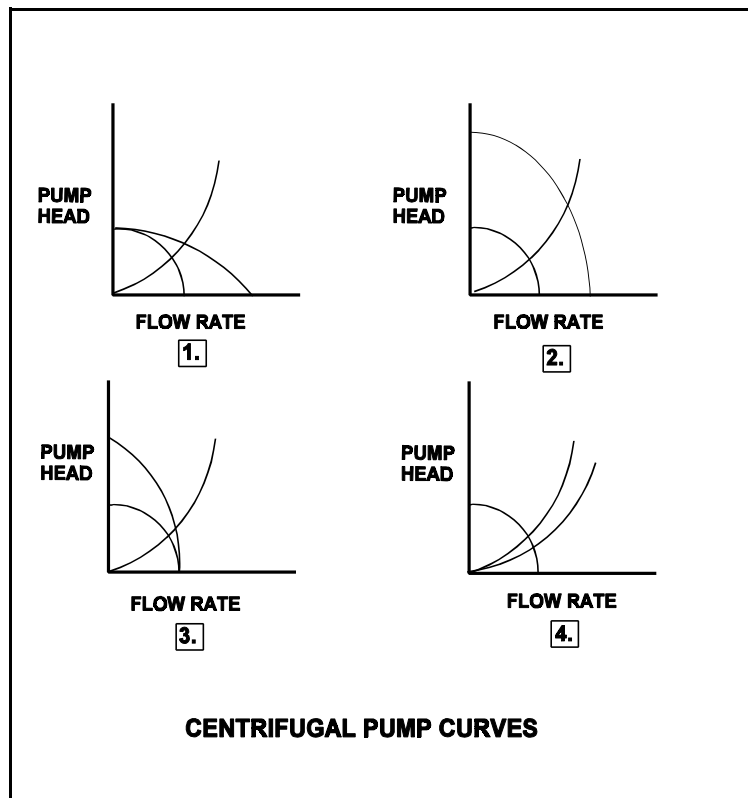
Refer to the drawing of four centrifugal pump operating curves (see figure below).

A two-speed centrifugal pump is operating in low speed in a cooling water system and discharging through a heat exchanger. The pump is then switched to high speed.

Which set of curves illustrates the initial and final operating conditions?

- A. 1.
- B. 2.
- C. 3.
- D. 4.

ANSWER: B.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P2923 (B3579)

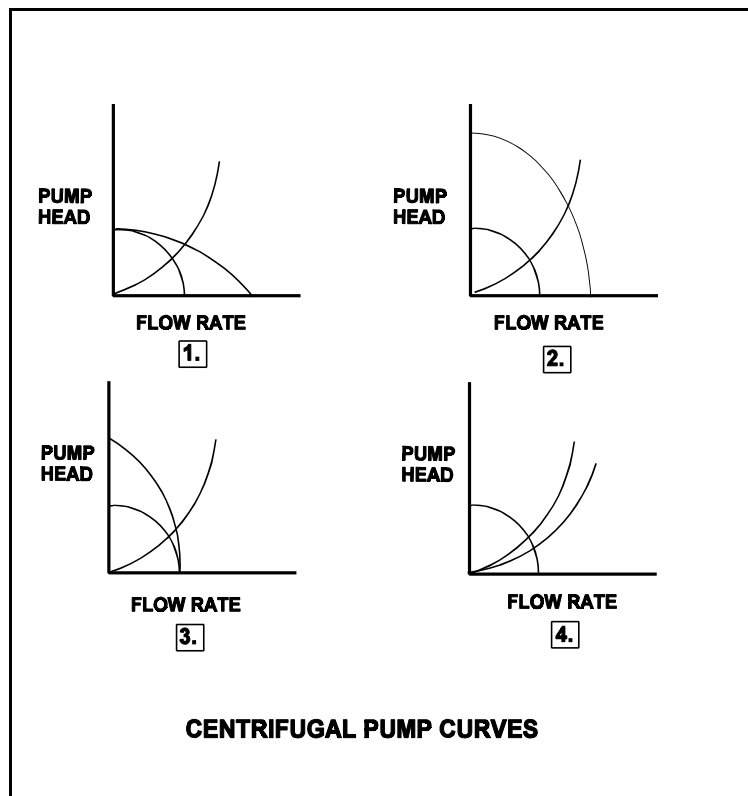
Refer to the drawing of four centrifugal pump operating curves (see figure below).

A two-speed centrifugal pump is operating at fast speed in a cooling water system and discharging through a heat exchanger. The pump is then switched to slow speed.

Which set of curves illustrates the initial and final operating conditions?

- A. 1.
- B. 2.
- C. 3.
- D. 4.

ANSWER: B.



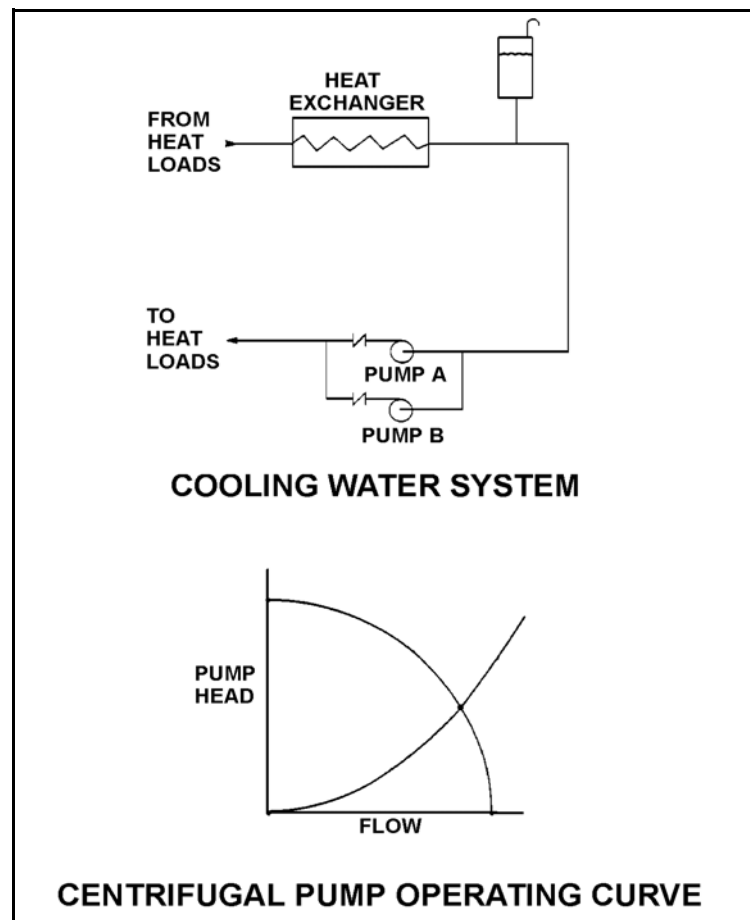
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.14 [2.4/2.5]
QID: P3323 (B1020)

Refer to the drawing of a cooling water system and the associated centrifugal pump operating curve (see figure below). Pumps A and B are identical single-speed centrifugal pumps and only pump A is operating initially.

Pump B is then started. After the system stabilizes, system flow rate will be...

- A. the same as the initial flow rate.
- B. less than twice the initial flow rate.
- C. twice the initial flow rate.
- D. more than twice the initial flow rate.

ANSWER: B.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.15 [2.5/2.8]
QID: P114 (B2223)

A motor-driven centrifugal pump is operating in an open system with its discharge valve throttled to 50%. If the discharge valve is fully opened, available net positive suction head (NPSH) will _____ and required NPSH will _____.

- A. remains the same; increase
- B. remains the same; remains the same
- C. decrease; increase
- D. decrease; remains the same

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.15 [2.5/2.8]
QID: P325 (B322)

Increasing the flow rate through a centrifugal pump by throttling open the discharge valve will cause pump head to...

- A. increase and stabilize at a higher value.
- B. decrease and stabilize at a lower value.
- C. remain constant.
- D. increase, then decrease following the pump's efficiency curve.

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.15
QID: P724 (B723)

A centrifugal pump is operating at rated conditions in an open system. If the pump recirculation valve is opened farther, pump discharge pressure will _____ and pump flow rate will _____.

- A. increase; decrease
- B. decrease; increase
- C. increase; increase
- D. decrease; decrease

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.15 [2.5/2.8]
QID: P1421 (B1421)

A centrifugal pump is operating at rated conditions in an open system with all valves fully open. If the pump discharge valve is throttled to 50%, pump suction pressure will _____ and pump discharge pressure will _____.

- A. increase; decrease
- B. decrease; increase
- C. increase; increase
- D. decrease; decrease

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.15 [2.5/2.8]
QID: P2025 (B2019)

A variable-speed centrifugal pump is operating at rated speed in an open system. If the pump speed is decreased by 50%, available net positive suction head (NPSH) will _____ and required NPSH will _____.

- A. increase; decrease
- B. increase; remain the same
- C. decrease; decrease
- D. decrease; remain the same

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.15 [2.5/2.8]
QID: P2224 (B521)

A motor-driven centrifugal pump is operating in an open system with its discharge valve throttled to 50%. How will the pump be affected if the discharge valve is fully opened?

- A. Motor current decreases and total developed head decreases.
- B. Available net positive suction head (NPSH) decreases, and pump differential pressure decreases.
- C. Total developed head increases and available NPSH decreases.
- D. The potential for pump cavitation decreases, and pump differential pressure decreases.

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.15 [2.5/2.8]
QID: P2424 (B2420)

A variable speed motor-driven centrifugal pump is operating at 50% speed in an open system. If the pump speed is increased to 100%, available net positive suction head (NPSH) will _____ and required NPSH will _____.

- A. increase; remain the same
- B. increase; increase
- C. decrease; remain the same
- D. decrease; increase

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.15 [2.5/2.8]
QID: P2624 (B2622)

Which one of the following describes a reason for designing centrifugal pumps with suction nozzles that are larger than their discharge nozzles?

- A. Increases total pump head by increasing the velocity head at the suction of the pump.
- B. Increases the differential pressure across the pump by decreasing pump head loss.
- C. Increases pump available net positive suction head by decreasing head loss at the pump suction.
- D. Increases pump capacity by decreasing turbulence at the suction of the pump.

ANSWER: C.

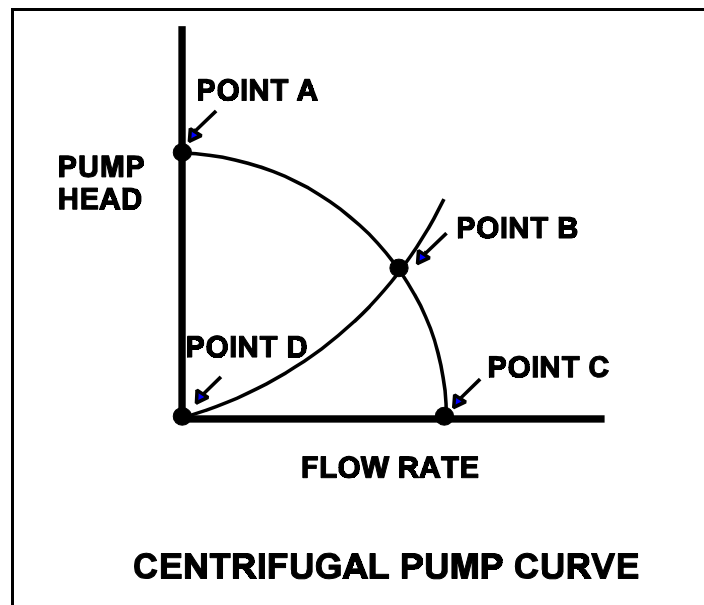
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.15 [2.5/2.8]
QID: P2924 (B2924)

Refer to the drawing of a centrifugal pump operating curve (see figure below).

A centrifugal pump operating in a cooling water system exhibits the operating curve shown below. Which one of the following points on the curve will be closest to the pump operating conditions after the pump suction valve is inadvertently closed?

- A. Point A
- B. Point B
- C. Point C
- D. Point D

ANSWER: D.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.15 [2.6/2.8]
QID: P3623 (B3623)

A centrifugal firewater pump is operating to pressurize a fire main. The pump takes suction on a water reservoir. The reservoir water level and the pump are both at sea level.

Given:

- The pump has a shutoff head of 100 feet.
- The required net positive suction head (NPSH) for the pump is 15 feet.
- The reservoir water temperature is 60°F.
- A fire hose connected to the fire main is being used to suppress an elevated fire.

At which one of the following elevations (referenced to sea level) will the fire hose spray nozzle first be unable to provide flow? (Disregard head loss in the fire main and fire hose.)

- A. 86 feet
- B. 101 feet
- C. 116 feet
- D. 135 feet

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.15 [2.5/2.8]
QID: P3912 (B3911)

A centrifugal firewater pump is operating to pressurize a fire main. The pump takes suction from a water reservoir. A fire hose connected to the fire main is being used to suppress an elevated fire.

Given:

- The pump eye is located 5 feet above the reservoir water level.
- The pump has a design shutoff head of 120 feet.
- The required net positive suction head (NPSH) for the pump is 15 feet.
- The reservoir water temperature is 60°F.

At which one of the following elevations above the pump eye will the fire hose spray nozzle first be unable to provide flow? (Disregard all sources of system frictional head loss.)

- A. 111 feet
- B. 116 feet
- C. 121 feet
- D. 126 feet

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.16 [2.8/2.9]
QID: P624

Which one of the following specifies the proper pump discharge valve position and the basis for that position when starting a large centrifugal pump?

- A. Discharge valve fully open to reduce motor power requirements
- B. Discharge valve throttled to reduce motor power requirements
- C. Discharge valve fully open to ensure adequate pump net positive suction head
- D. Discharge valve throttled to ensure adequate pump net positive suction head

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.16 [2.8/2.9]
QID: P1725 (B1722)

A typical single-stage radial-flow centrifugal pump is being returned to service following maintenance on its ac motor. Which one of the following will occur when the pump is started if two of the three motor power leads were inadvertently swapped during restoration?

- A. The motor breaker will trip on instantaneous overcurrent.
- B. The motor will not turn and will emit a humming sound.
- C. The motor will rotate in the reverse direction with reduced or no flow rate.
- D. The motor will rotate in the normal direction with reduced flow rate.

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.20 [2.8/2.8]
QID: P25

If the speed of a positive displacement pump is increased, the available net positive suction head will _____ and the probability of cavitation will _____.

- A. increase; increase
- B. decrease; decrease
- C. increase; decrease
- D. decrease; increase

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.20 [2.8/2.8]
QID: P226

An increase in positive displacement pump speed will cause the available net positive suction head for the pump to...

- A. decrease due to the increase in fluid flow.
- B. decrease due to the increase in fluid discharge pressure.
- C. increase due to the increase in fluid discharge pressure.
- D. increase due to the increase in fluid flow.

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.20 [2.8/2.8]
QID: P1025

The minimum required net positive suction head for a typical positive displacement pump will increase the most if the pump...

- A. motor speed increases from 1200 rpm to 1600 rpm.
- B. discharge pressure decreases from 100 psig to 50 psig.
- C. suction temperature increases from 75°F to 85°F.
- D. discharge valve is positioned from 90% open to fully open.

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.21 [3.0/3.1]
QID: P1425 (B1125)

Which one of the following describes the proper location for a relief valve that will be used to prevent exceeding the design pressure of a positive displacement pump and associated piping?

- A. On the pump suction piping upstream of the suction isolation valve
- B. On the pump suction piping downstream of the suction isolation valve
- C. On the pump discharge piping downstream of the discharge isolation valve
- D. On the pump discharge piping upstream of the discharge isolation valve

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P326 (B323)

A positive displacement pump (PDP) is operating in an open system. PDP parameters are as follows:

PDP speed = 1000 rpm
PDP discharge pressure = 2000 psig
PDP suction pressure = 50 psig
PDP flow rate = 150 gpm

Which one of the following changes will cause PDP flow rate to exceed 200 gpm?

- A. A second identical discharge path is opened.
- B. PDP speed is increased to 1500 rpm.
- C. PDP suction pressure is increased to 120 psig.
- D. Downstream system pressure is decreased to 1000 psig.

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P826 (B1123)

If the fully-open discharge valve of a reciprocating positive displacement pump is throttled closed approximately 10%, pump flow rate will _____ and pump head will _____. (Assume "ideal" pump response.)

- A. decrease; increase
- B. remain constant; increase
- C. decrease; remain constant
- D. remain constant; remain constant

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P925

A variable-speed positive displacement pump is operating at 100 rpm with a flow rate of 60 gpm in an open system. To decrease pump flow rate to 30 gpm, pump speed must be decreased to approximately...

- A. 25 rpm.
- B. 35 rpm.
- C. 50 rpm.
- D. 71 rpm.

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P1026

Which one of the following conditions will result in the greatest increase in volumetric flow rate through a positive displacement pump?

- A. Doubling the pump speed
- B. Doubling pump net positive suction head
- C. Reducing downstream system pressure by one-half
- D. Positioning the discharge valve from half open to full open

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P1126

Which one of the following describes single-speed pump operating characteristics?

- A. Centrifugal pumps deliver a variety of flow rates at a constant head.
- B. Centrifugal pumps deliver a constant head over a variety of flow rates.
- C. Positive displacement pumps deliver a variety of flow rates at a constant head.
- D. Positive displacement pumps deliver a constant flow rate over a variety of heads.

ANSWER: D.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P1526 (B1525)

A positive displacement pump (PDP) is operating in an open system. PDP parameters are as follows:

PDP speed	= 480 rpm
PDP discharge pressure	= 1000 psig
PDP suction pressure	= 10 psig
PDP flow rate	= 60 gpm

Which one of the following changes will cause PDP flow rate to exceed 100 gpm?

- A. PDP speed is increased to 900 rpm.
- B. A second identical discharge path is opened.
- C. PDP suction pressure is increased to 40 psig.
- D. Downstream system pressure is decreased to 500 psig.

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P1726 (B1919)

An ideal (no slip) reciprocating positive displacement pump is operating to provide makeup water to a reactor coolant system that is being maintained at 2200 psig. The discharge valve of the pump was found to be throttled to 80% open.

If the valve is subsequently fully opened, pump flow rate will _____ and pump head will _____.

- A. increase; decrease
- B. remain constant; decrease
- C. increase; remain constant
- D. remain constant; remain constant

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P2126 (B1824)

A variable-speed positive displacement pump is operating at 100 rpm with a flow rate of 60 gpm in an open system. To decrease pump flow rate to 25 gpm, pump speed must be decreased to approximately...

- A. 17 rpm.
- B. 33 rpm.
- C. 42 rpm.
- D. 64 rpm.

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P2526 (B2525)

Which one of the following conditions will result in the greatest increase in volumetric flow rate in a water system with one positive displacement pump operating at 400 rpm and a discharge pressure of 100 psig?

- A. Increasing pump speed to 700 rpm
- B. Decreasing pump discharge pressure to 40 psig
- C. Starting a second identical positive displacement pump in series with the first
- D. Starting a second identical positive displacement pump in parallel with the first

ANSWER: D.

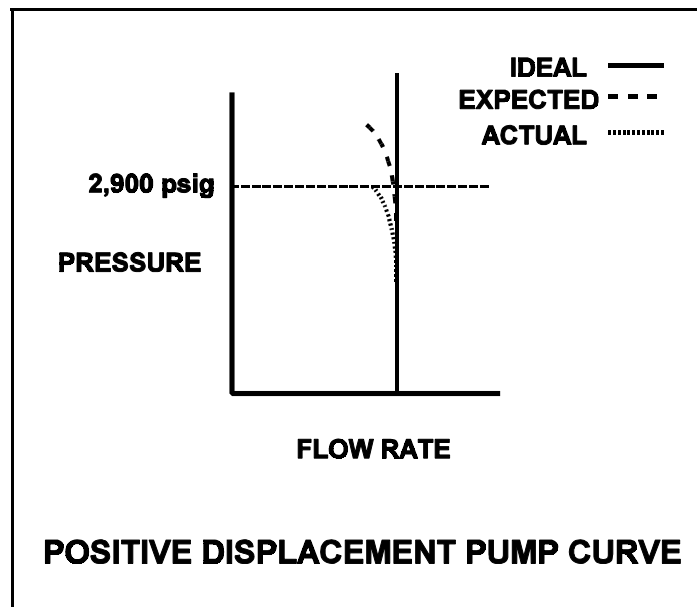
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P2626 (B2624)

A section of reactor coolant piping is being hydrostatically tested to 2,900 psig using a positive displacement pump. The operating characteristics of the positive displacement pump are shown below, identifying ideal, expected, and actual pump performance.

Which one of the following could cause the observed difference between the expected and the actual pump performance?

- A. Pump internal leakage is greater than expected.
- B. Reactor coolant piping boundary valve leakage is greater than expected.
- C. Available NPSH has decreased more than expected, but remains slightly above required NPSH.
- D. A relief valve on the pump discharge piping has opened prior to its setpoint of 2,900 psig.

ANSWER: A.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P2726 (B2724)

Which one of the following conditions will result in the greatest increase in volumetric flow rate from a positive displacement pump operating at 300 rpm and a discharge pressure of 100 psig?

- A. Increasing pump speed to 700 rpm
- B. Decreasing pump discharge pressure to 40 psig
- C. Starting a second identical positive displacement pump in series with the first
- D. Starting a second identical positive displacement pump in parallel with the first

ANSWER: A.

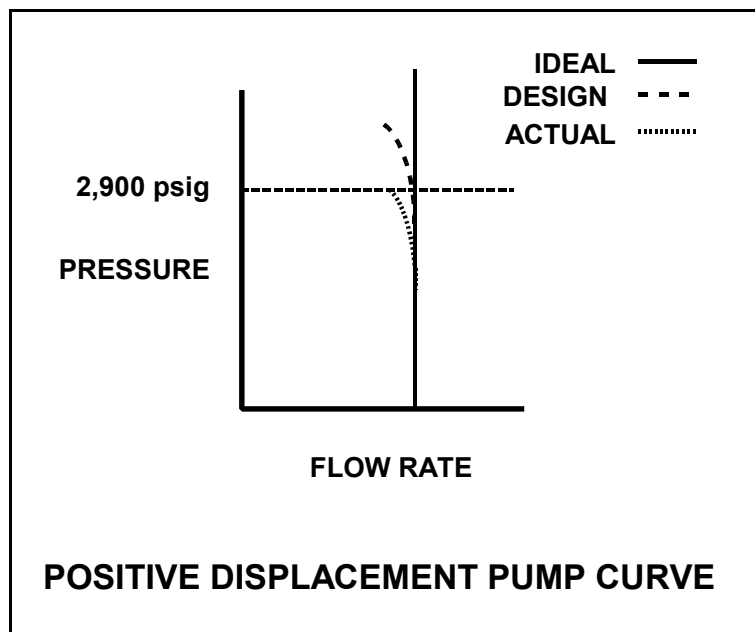
TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P2826 (B2824)

A section of reactor coolant piping is being hydrostatically tested to 2,900 psig using a positive displacement pump. The operating characteristics of the positive displacement pump are shown below identifying ideal, design, and actual pump performance during the test.

Which one of the following could have caused the observed difference between the design and the actual pump performance?

- A. Available NPSH decreased to slightly above the required NPSH for the pump.
- B. Available NPSH decreased to slightly below the required NPSH for the pump.
- C. A relief valve on the pump discharge piping failed to open at its set point of 2,900 psig.
- D. A relief valve on the pump discharge piping opened prior to its set point of 2,900 psig.

ANSWER: B.



TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P2926 (B2925)

An ideal (no slip) reciprocating positive displacement pump is operating in an open system to provide makeup water to a coolant system that is being maintained at 800 psig. The discharge valve of the pump is full open.

If the pump discharge valve is subsequently throttled to 80% open, pump flow rate will _____ and pump head will _____.

- A. decrease; increase
- B. decrease; remain constant
- C. remain constant; increase
- D. remain constant; remain constant

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P3024 (B3025)

A pump is needed to supply fuel oil from a day tank to a diesel fuel injection system. The pump must maintain a nearly constant flow rate with a minimum of discharge pressure fluctuations as system pressure varies between 200 psig and 1900 psig.

Which one of the following types of pumps would typically be used in this application?

- A. Axial flow centrifugal
- B. Radial flow centrifugal
- C. Rotary positive displacement
- D. Reciprocating positive displacement

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.22 [2.3/2.5]
QID: P3525 (B1680)

A positive displacement pump is pumping to a system operating at 100 psig. Assume a constant pump speed, zero pump slip, and a pump backpressure that remains within normal pump operating limits.

If system pressure increases to 200 psig, the pump head will _____ and pump flow rate will _____.

- A. increase; remain the same
- B. increase; decrease
- C. remain the same; remain the same
- D. remain the same; decrease

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.23 [2.8/2.9]
QID: P526

When starting a positive displacement pump, why must the pump discharge valve be fully open?

- A. Ensures integrity of the pump and system piping
- B. Prevents pump cavitation
- C. Reduces motor starting current
- D. Minimizes the potential for water hammer

ANSWER: A.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.24 [3.0/3.1]
QID: P626 (B2425)

What is the purpose of the safety/relief valve located between the pump outlet and the discharge isolation valve of most positive displacement pumps?

- A. Protect the pump and suction piping from overpressure if the discharge valve is open during system startup.
- B. Protect the pump and suction piping from overpressure if the suction valve is closed during pump operation.
- C. Protect the pump and discharge piping from overpressure if the discharge valve is closed during pump operation.
- D. Protect the pump and discharge piping from overpressure due to thermal expansion of pump contents when the pump is shutdown with its suction valve closed.

ANSWER: C.

TOPIC: 191004
KNOWLEDGE: K1.24 [3.0/3.1]
QID: P1722 (B1724)

A positive displacement pump should be started with its suction valve _____ and its discharge valve _____.

- A. fully open; throttled
- B. fully open; fully open
- C. throttled; throttled
- D. throttled; fully open

ANSWER: B.

TOPIC: 191004

KNOWLEDGE: K1.24 [3.0/3.1]

QID: P1923 (B525)

A positive displacement pump should be started with its suction valve _____ and its discharge valve _____.

- A. open; open
- B. open; closed
- C. closed; open
- D. closed; closed

ANSWER: A.